REGD. NO. B. 1065

PRICE: ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXIII NO. 104 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

Congress President's Appeal To Nation

Celebrate All-India Detenu Day On May 19

FATE OF 2,000 YOUTHS HANGS IN BALANCE

Urges People To Swell Funds For Relief Of Families Of Victims

AMRAOTI, May 1.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President, has issued a circular asking the Provincial Bodies, according to the Jubbulpore Resolution of the A. I. C. C. to celebrate May 19, as the All-India Detenu Day and to collect funds for helping the detenus' families. Collections should be sent to the Secretary, A.I.C.C. office, Allahabad.

Rajendra Babu hopes that collections will be commensurate with the requirements and the deep feelings the detenus' sufferings evoke in the country.

—United Press.

TEXT OF RAJEN BABU'S APPEAL

AKOLA, May 1.

The following is the text of the appeal issued by Rajendra Babu, the Congress President:—

"It is a well-known fact that a large number of youths of Bengal are in detention without trial and without any opportunity being given to them to clear their character.

The All-India Congress Committee, at its meeting at Jubbulpore passed a resolution expressing its sympathy with the sufferers and demanding their release or in the alternative, a fair and open trial in the ordinary court of law. Many of the sufferers have remained in that condition for years, and there is no knowing how long they are going to be detained.

NATION-WIDE AGITATION.

"There are others who though not in prison or detention camps have their movements restricted. Others again have been externed from the Province. While on a small scale all this is happening in some other Provinces also, the case in Bengal has assumed such large proportions that it has become necessary to agitate this question on a country-wide scale. More than 2,000 persons in such detention are there. The A.I.C.C. has decided to raise funds for the relief of the distress caused to the families and dependents of the detenus on account of their being deprived of the services and assistance of their bread winners.

ALL-INDIA DETENU DAY.

"I accordingly appeal to the country at large to subscribe generously to the fund. I appoint Sunday, May 19, as a special day for making collections and request the Provincial organisations to make arrangements for such collections and send them to the General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee Swaraj Bhavan, Allahabad, who will issue receipts for them. Individuals also may send their donations to the above address. The A.I.C.C. office will keep the accounts. I hope and trust the collections will be commensurate with the requirements of the work and the deep feelings of sympathy which the sufferings of the detenus evoke in all parts of the country."—United Press.

CIVIC ADDRESS TO RAJEN BABU

AMRAOTI, May 1.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President, arrived here yesterday. He was presented with addresses of welcome by the City Municipality and the Cotton Market, Amraoti.

Addressing last night, a public meeting Mr. Wamanrao Joshi presiding, he said that the Government and other interested parties were trying to weaken the Congress. He discussed at length the resolutions passed at the Bombay Congress session and urged the audience to co-operate with the Congress in its khadi and village uplift programme.

Babu Rajandra Prasad leaves for Yeotmal from here.—A. P.

SOVIET GOLD FOR BERLIN

122 Cases Weighing Five Tons Pass Through Riga

RIGA, May 1.

One hundred and twenty-two cases of Soviet gold weighing about five tons passed through Riga "en route" from Siberia to Berlin.

This is the first consignment of Soviet gold to pass through the city "en route" to Berlin for seven months.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

CABINET CRISIS IN EGYPT

CAIRO May 1

Ziwar Pasha thrice premier of Egypt, to-day tendered his resignation of the post of the Chief of the Royal Cabinet, to which he was appointed in last November In answer to the criticism made in some quarters that Ibrashi Pasha the Controller of the royal estates is exercising undue influence behind the scenes. It is understood that Ziwar Pasha tendered his resignation because he considers that he has failed in the mission as mediator between the palace and the government.

The resignation has not yet been accepted and efforts are being made to persuade him to remain in office.—Reuter

A group photo of the A. I. C. C. members who met at Jubbulpore last week.

Workers Reject New Constitution

MAY-DAY CELEBRATIONS IN BOMBAY

Meetings were held all over the City to celebrate the "May Day" on Wednesday.

The main feature of these meetings was the fact that for the first time after seven years, the leaders of all sections in the Trade Union Congress joined together in the celebrations.

RELEASE POLITICALS

Resolutions demanding forty-hour-week for the workers, unemployment benefit, social insurance, clearance of slums and provision for decent housing and release of political prisoners and challenging the right of British Government to foist a constitution on India were passed at all the meetings.

WORKERS AND SWARAJ.

Miss Maniben Kara who presided at the meeting said that May Day was celebrated with enthusiasm by all the workers in the world. Although several programmes for the achievement of Indian Independence had been put forth by different parties in the country, she was of opinion that freedom could not be achieved without the workers taking full part in it.

NAGPUR SPLIT AND AFTER.

Mr. R. S. Nimbker said that May Day signified the workers' struggle against both Imperialism and Capitalism. Since the split at the Nagpur Session of the Trade Union Congress, the moderate and extremist sections of the Congress had remained separated and for the first time after seven years, May Day was being celebrated by both the sections together.

At the Calcutta session of the Trade Union Congress both the sections had come together and decided to put up a united front and resist the Capitalist offensive. The speaker felt sure that even the Federation of Trade Unions of Mr. N. M. Joshi and others would join the Trade Union Congress. He moved a resolution which, among other things:

This May Day meeting of the workers of Bombay condemned the increasing capitalist offensive and repression and resolved to prepare for mass struggle to realise the following demands:—

(a) Forty-hours' week; (b) Legislation for Social Insurance; Unemployment benefit; Minimum wage; Clearance of slums and provision for decent housing and Holidays with pay.

(c) Repeal of anti-working class

(Continued On Page 8)

Silver Futures After 25 Years

40,000 OUNCES TRANSACTION ON LONDON EXCHANGE

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 1.

The announcement by the Secretary of the Metal Exchange "Silver Gentlemen" was greeted with cheers by the members when after 25 years' dealings, silver futures were resumed on the exchange.

The 37 pence bid for three months was countered by the offer of 38, the business resulting almost immediately at 37 3/4 which the bids and offers followed freely. Although the turnover was only 40,000 ounces, the volume of business is considered as satisfactory for the inaugural session and would have probably been smaller except for the intense world speculative interest now apparent in silver.

The Bullion interests were unperturbed by the new market which is unlikely to affect their business seriously. Anyway they have recently been almost overpowered by the volume of business.

Mr. Fazlul Haq, who has been elected Mayor of Calcutta Corporation

GERMANY FOR WORLD PEACE!

But No Renouncing Of Nation's Honour, Says Hitler

MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS IN BERLIN

BERLIN, May 1.

Snowstorms and sunshine alternately drenched and dried the crowd assembled for the May Day celebrations at Tempelhofeld. Instead of the solid ranks of Storm Troops who assembled a year ago, to-day there men and women workers out of offices and factories in civilian dress or in blue tunics and peaked caps of the Labour Front.

Dr. Goebbels introducing Herr Hitler said "We know the army was only built as a guarantee to our work—a better guarantee than the Treaty of Treaty of Versailles". Herr Hitler who is suffering from hoarseness said "A great epoch has come for Germany but its greatness lies in the greatness of the task we have to master."

Comparing Germany's poverty Hitler said: "We have neither and speaking about the serious tasks confronting them, Herr Hitler said: "We have neither colonies, raw materials, nor foreign exchange. We have only taxes and law wages. We have only got our people. With this people we certainly must be able to master the tasks to come. We do not want war or unrest. Just as we restored peace among our people, so we desire peace for the world. Leaders of the nation can never renounce the Nation's honour and may the world know that Germany of to-day is not Germany of yesterday.—Reuter's Special.

Harness Yourself To Fight Exploitation

Youth Must Vitalise Congress, Says Patwardhan

The Bombay Suburban Yuvak Parishad met on Wednesday night at Upanagar Chhavani, Vile Parle. Mr. Achut Patwardhan presided.

The proceedings began with the singing of "Vande Mataram." Dr. Sumant Mehta sent a message of goodwill in which he hoped that the youth Conference would counteract the unreal atmosphere that might have been created by the recent Suburban Political Conference.

R. C. CHAIRMAN'S ADDRESS

Mr. Purushottam Tricumdas Chairman of the Reception Committee, in welcoming the delegates and visitors to the Conference observed that it was time that the youth of India asserted itself, unshackled by tradition and fearless both in thought and deed.

"CHOKING TRADITION"

Exhorting the youths to get rid of "choking tradition," the speaker traced India's many ills,—political, social and economical,—to Indias' respect for tradition, to which the elders were still hugging. Youth must come out and show to the elders that it had the courage of its conviction and would not tolerate evils and injustices merely because they had been existing for centuries. Referring to the main problems of India which defied solution owing to the influence of tradition, Mr. Purushotam Tricumdas pointed out that no other institution in India had wrought greater havoc than the institution of caste.

STAGNATION IS DEATH

He felt that the universe was

(Continued on page 8)

Driver Killed In Ghatkopar Motor Smash

LORRY CRASHES INTO TREE SERIOUSLY INJURING FOUR OTHERS

(From Our Correspondent).

GHATKOPAR, May 1.

A European youth was killed and four other persons including two European soldiers were injured in a serious motor accident, which occurred to-day at about 3-30 p.m. on the Bombay Agra Road near Ghatkopar Toll Bar.

A Morris Commercial Truck No. Y9790 which was returning from Thana to Bombay is said to have crashed into a tree on the wrong side of the Road, as a result of which the righthand side of the lorry was totally smashed. A two-wheeled dynamo bar for welding machines which was tagged on to the truck was also damaged.

The name of the deceased is Mr. Watson a licensed driver employed in Messrs. Turner Morrison Co., Ltd., Bombay. The other two injured persons are European soldiers working as apprentices in the Company for the last 2 months. Their names are I. Mathew and Pushel.

Mr. Watson was at the wheel, while the other two were sitting by his side. Two labourers were in he truck behind.

DIES ON WAY TO HOSPITAL

It appears, the party had gone from Bombay to Thana at 10 this morning to weld the steam roller engine of the Public Works Department at Thana and were returning to Bombay in the afternoon when the accident occurred.

Mr. Watson, who was seriously injured having been actually jammed at the wheel, died on the way to the Kurla Dispensary. At an inquest held this evening on the body of Watson by the Kurla Police, in the presence of the Resident Magistrate, a verdict of accidental death was recorded.

One labourer Narayan Govind was removed to the K.E.M. Hospital as his condition was precarious.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under : "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted (1) Graduate Shorthand-Typist, (2) Graduate Male and Female Teachers, B.A., B.Sc., B T, S.T.C., (3) Lady Doctors M. B. B. S., L C P S, Nurses B P N A, Child Nurses, Embroidery Experienced Lady. Apply Royal Service Agency, 369/71, 3rd floor, Hornby Road, Nanabhai Lane, Fort. (4138).

Wanted Machineman, capable of undertaking running repairs, take charge of Mann's Offset Quad Crown Machine with automatic feed. State experience and salary required. Box No. 4131, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Motor Mechanic and Motor Driver. Apply Vile Parle Municipality with particulars of previous experience and the minimum pay expected. (1020).

Wanted Lady Graduates knowing Hindi and Music for residential Girls Vidyalaya of Behar. Box No. 4126, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted.—Female Teachers capable of teaching English, Hindi and Mathematics, etc. for middle Schools. Apply Tara Devi, Head Mistress, Kanya Gurukul, (Post) Begampet, N. S. Rly. (4125).

Wanted Graduates, Under-Graduates, Matrics, Under-Matrics, for Bank service. Apply with copies. Royal Service Bureau, Meerut. (4117).

Wanted a Demonstrator with Botany Principal and Zoology Subsidiary. Ask for terms from Principal, Rajaram College, Kolhapur (1008).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

Law Graduate with experience of office work and business management desires responsible post as Assistant in business line. Apply Box No. 4133, "Bombay Chronicle."

20. OFFICES TO LET.

To Let—Office Chamber with Electric light, fan and telephone convenience. Apply Messrs. Madanlal T. Engineer, 79, Medows Street. (4115).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Hewett Engineering School, Lucknow, Recognised by U. P. Government—Wanted Matriculates for Overseer's Class, Session July, 1935. Admission commenced. Excellent employment facilities. Free Prospectus from Principal. (4096).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Loans advanced on Personal Securities, Mortgages of Estates, Hundi, Factory, Hotel and Shop goods. Call Loan Arranging Co., 166, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (4139).

Wanted Rs. 2,000 for a profitable concern at 15 per cent interest. Apply Box No. 4136, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

75. INVESTMENTS.

Belgian Government Guaranteed Bonds. Safest investment, big prices. Authorised Agents. Kass & Co., Parsee Bazaar Street, Bombay. Agents wanted. (9867).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

King Co., Cheapest House for Books, Papers, Periodicals, Stationery, Rubber Stamps, Lending Library, Astrology, Palmistry, Dictionaries, Children's Books, Fashion Books. Near Central Bank, Bombay. 4134)

Dispensary for Sale:—A well-established and fully furnished dispensary at Panjrapole Road, near Madhav Baug, Post Office for sale. Please see the undersigned at the dispensary daily between 9 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and 5-30 to 7 p.m. Dwarkadas Luxmichand Mody. (4127).

155. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted immediately quotations for 20 laboratory tables, specification copy Re. 1. Apply Principal & Secretary, V. J. T. Institute, Matunga, Bombay. (1023).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	.... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices

THE INDIAN BLEACHING DYEING & PRINTING WORKS, LD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company "Rustom Building," 29, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 28th May, 1935, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1934.
2. To elect a Director in the place of one who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint an Auditor for the current year and to fix his remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company are CLOSED from THURSDAY, 23rd May, 1935, to WEDNESDAY, 5th June, 1935 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
The Indian Bleaching Dyeing & Printing Works, Ltd.
MAFATLAL GAGALBHAI & SONS,
Agents.
Bombay 30th April, 1935.
1031

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

APPOINTMENT OF A DEMONSTRATOR IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AND DRAWING, A RESEARCH ASSISTANT IN OPTICS, AND TWO RESEARCH FELLOWS.

Applications are invited for the following appointments in the Department of Chemical Technology:—

Demonstrator in Mechanical Engineering and Drawing: Rs. 150—10—250 per mensem.
Research Assistant in Optics: Rs. 150—10—250 per mensem.
Research Fellows (two) Rs. 75 each per mensem.

Candidates for the post of Demonstrator in Mechanical Engineering and Drawing must have had a sound training in Mechanical Engineering and Drawing, and, in addition, considerable experience in workshop and drawing office practice. A recognised degree or diploma will be an additional qualification.

Candidates for the Research Assistantship in Optics must possess an honours degree in Physics of a recognised University, and should have special qualifications in Optics.

Research Fellows must possess at least an M.Sc. degree in Organic Chemistry of the Bombay University and should have had research experience.

Applications which should reach the undersigned before 31st May, 1935, should contain the following particulars:—

Name, age, place of birth, institutions where educated, qualifications with classes and dates of examinations, previous teaching and research experience, publications and copies of testimonials.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 27th April, 1935.
1019.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY raised the 3rd and the 4th instalments of Rs. 13 lacs of the loan for the extension and improvement of water service and the extension of underground drainage of 1923 on 1st October, 1925. Under the terms of the loan, the Municipality has reserved to itself an option to repay it every tenth year with a previous notice of 3 months. VIDE last line of para 1 of the Debenture issued. In accordance with this condition, the Ahmedabad Municipality has decided in their resolution No. 880 of 16-11-1934 to repay these instalments. The debenture holders of these instalments are hereby informed that the Municipality will make payment of the principal amount with the interest due, on and after 1st October, 1935. No interest will accrue in respect of these debentures after the said date i.e. 1st October 1935. The payment will be made on the debentures being received by the Chief Accountant duly discharged. Any communication or inquiries should be addressed to the Chief Accountant of the Ahmedabad Municipality.

(Sd.) BALVANTRAY P. THAKOR,
President.
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Dated 26th April, 1935.
Municipal Office, Ahmedabad.
(1026)

Public Notices

THE STANDARD MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at 29, Rustom Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 21st MAY, 1935, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) to transact the following business:

(1) To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st December 1934.
(2) To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation and who are eligible for re-election.
(3) To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
(4) To transact any other business the Chairman may bring forward before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 14th MAY to TUESDAY, the 21st MAY 1935, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
The Standard Mills Co. Ltd.,
Agents, MAFATLAL GAGALBHAI & SONS,
By their Constituted Attorney,
NAVINCHANDRA MAFATLAL.
Bombay, 30th April, 1935.
1025.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY NO. 260 OF 1935.

Re: RAHIMBHAI VALJI & SONS a firm, carrying on business as Glassware, Enamelware, Porcelainware and Lampware Merchants at Jariwalla Building, Sandhurst Road, Nall Bazar, without the Fort of Bombay:
..... Debtors.
Ex parte: ABDULHUSEIN ALLIMAHOMED & Others:
..... Petitioning Creditors.

On the 30th day of April, 1935, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 30th day of April, 1935.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
1030

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1154 of 1934.

ERUCH D. ENGINEER & CO. a Firm, carrying on business in Bombay at Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.
Versus
MANGALDAS MAFATLAL of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay and doing business under the name and style of Messrs. Mangaldas Mafatlal & CO. ..... Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE that this Honourable Court will be moved before the Honourable Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia on THURSDAY, the 27th day of June 1935, at 11 O'Clock in the Forenoon (S. T.) or so soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard by Counsel on the part of the Plaintiffs, for the following Orders:

(a) for Decree absolute for sale of the immovable properties described in the Schedule to the preliminary Decree dated the 26th day of September 1934.
(b) for liberty to the Plaintiffs or their Nominee to bid at such sale and in the event of the Plaintiffs being declared Purchasers to set off the purchase price or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the Plaintiffs' claim under the said Preliminary Decree and also for liberty to add on the costs of this application and order and of carrying out the said Order to the Mortgage debt.
(c) for costs of the present application,
(d) for such other reliefs as to this Honourable Court may deem fit.

Dated this 2nd day of April, 1935.
MAZAGONWALLA & CO.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

N. B.—Affidavit of Eruch D. Engineer affirmed on the 2nd day of April, 1935, will be used in support of the application.

To
MANGALDAS MAFATLAL, Esqr.
The Defendant abovenamed.

This Motion is registered in the Office of the Prothonotary and Senior Master, High Court Bombay on 2nd April, 1935.
1017.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY NO. 259 OF 1935.

Re: DAYABHAI VALLABHBHAI PATEL of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, doing business in the name of Ratilal & Co., in Cutpiece Cloths at Radha Galli, Morarji Goculdas Market, outside the Fort of Bmabay.
..... A Debtor.
Ex parte: GOVINDRAM GHANSHAMDAS, a firm:
....., Petitioning Creditors.

On the 29th day of April, 1935, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1935.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
1029

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MUNCHERJEE JAMSHEDJI PATEL and Bai ALOO MUNCHERJEE PATEL have contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax tenure, containing by admeasurement three hundred and eighty-three square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue along with the adjoining hereditaments and premises under Old No. 539 and 539, New No. 2623 and 2624, Old Survey Nos. 558 and 558 and New Survey No. 7754 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 133 of Girgaon Division together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward Nos. 291 (1) Street Nos. 163-165 all which premises are situate at and on the Eastern side of Girgaon Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration sub-district of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East by the property of Bai Yeshabai Narayan Dharadhar, on or towards the West by the said Girgaon Road, on or towards the North by a party wall and the property of Framroze Sorabji Khan and on or towards the South by a public passage known as Nickdawri Lane.

Dated this 1st day of May, 1935.
DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1024.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of RAMJI VALLABHDAS KANJI, late of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, a piece-goods merchant and a partner in the firm of Messrs. Vallabhdas Kanji, which carried on business as piece-goods merchants at Mulji Jetha Market and who at the time of his death resided at Princess Street without the Fort of Bombay ...Deceased.

Bai SUNDERBAI, widow of Ramji Vallabhdas Kanji, the abovenamed deceased of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Princess Street, without the Fort of Bombay, one of the executors named in the Will of the abovenamed deceased.....Petitioner.

ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 24th day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-five and in the 25th year of our Reign

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) H. A. VAKIL,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.
TAHIR ALI.

The 24th day of April, 1935.
Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(1027).

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RUSTOMJI JAMASJI PATEL and BAI DHANBAI, wife of Pherojshah Jamasji Patel, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to our clients free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of land at Banosa in the Taluka of Daryapore, Zilla Amraoti and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the land of the Nawab of Ellichpore, on or towards the West by the land and Ginning Factory of Harnandrai Surajmal, on or towards the North by the field of Yadav, on or towards the South by the road leading from Daryapore to Banosa.

SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of land at Banosa in the Taluka of Daryapore, Zilla Amraoti and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the road leading to the Station, on or towards the West by the road from Daryapore to Banosa, on or towards the North by the Road from Daryapore to Banosa and on towards the South by the land and Ginning Factory of Narandas Rajaram.

Both the said pieces of land admeasure in the aggregate three acres and thirty-two Gunthas or thereabouts and bear Survey No. 6, Pot No. 2, Khata No. 10 and Record of Rights No. 8.

The said two pieces of land described firstly and secondly in the above schedule are sold together with the Pressing Factory and other buildings standing thereon, and the engines, boilers and other accessories thereto.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1935.
MULGAOKAR MODY & CO.
Purchasers' Attorneys.
1028.

Auction Sales

D. MISTRY & Co.
AUCTIONEERS,
No. 62, Meadows Street, Fort.
Tel. No. 22801.

GRAND BONAFIDE SALE.

Under instructions from Leslie Blunt, Esqr., of Messrs. Craigie Blunt and Caroe, Solicitors Bombay, of high class specially ordered complete Bungalow furniture, by Maple, John Roberts and Mckenzies, Semi Grand Piano (almost new), large Persian and Jail made carpets, Rich Oil paintings by well known artists, Open carved blackwood furniture, Rich chesterfield suites by Robert, Chinaware, Dresden figure, Candidbra, Series of pictures, ceiling lamps, wooden beds with staple mattress by Robert, Remington and Corona Typewriters, Gramophone, English Stoke Pottery Dinner service, Rich cut glassware, Crockery, plated-ware, Gas stove.

Property of another gentleman. One Hack and Hunter, and one "Erskin" Saloon Car.

On SUNDAY, the 5th instant, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), at No. 50 Peddar Road, Cumballa Hill, Messrs. D. MISTRY & CO. Auctioneers are instructed to sell by public auction sale the following comprising:—

Sliding dining table by Mckenzies, chairs to match, English Chipendal Sateen wood sideboard by Robert, Open carved Chiffoniers, Jacobean screen, Persian and Jail made carpets, centre tables, Chesterfield suites by Robert, gate leg folding table, Jacobean writing bureau solid almirahs and dressing chest of drawers to match, by Robert, Open carved pier table, water colours, office writing desks, combination almirahs, Inlaid oval mirror hanging almirahs and dressing tables chest of drawers, window blinds, Ice boxes, Silver show cases by Robert, Net curtains, etc.

Catalogues are ready and the preperty is on view.

D. MISTRY & CO.,
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AUCTION.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (THURSDAY), at 3 p.m. of Veneered and Jacobean household and office furniture, Stacks piano, steel safes and cupboards, English clocks, Chesterfield suites, marble figures, Remington Typewriter, gramophone, Singer machine, crockery, etc., at 108, Medows Street, opp. Examiner Press Building, Fort. Auctioneers, H. B. MISTRY & CO.

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Steamer	Arrival	Departure
Yahiko Maru	18th Apr.	4th May.
Shinnoh ,,	7th May	10th ,,
Ibukisan ,,	10th ,,	15th ,,
Ume ,,	9th ,,	22nd ,,
Manju ,,	20th ,,	10th June
Celebes ,,	23rd ,,	27th May
Shunko ,,	8th June	22nd June

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ARMS FELT AS IF ON FIRE

Nights Of Agony With Neuritis

WOMAN PRAISES KRUSCHEN

She had tried so many "emedies"—always without result—that she had little faith in anything. But finally something induced her to try Kruschen—and this time she was not disappointed.

She writes:—"For a long, long time I suffered from neuritis. I used to lie awake night after night in agony, sleep being out of the question altogether. My hands and arms just felt as though I had them in the fire, and I could get no relief. One day I was scanning my morning paper, and saw where a sufferer had found relief with Kruschen, so I thought I would give it a trial. I started taking half a teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts every morning, and I felt better after every dose. I hadn't much faith, as I had tried so many so-called cures, but now I praise Kruschen with all my heart."—(Mrs.) A. H.

The pains of neuritis and sciatica are a symptom of deeper trouble—the same trouble that causes rheumatism, gout and lumbago. They are a sign of impure blood. Kruschen is a combination of six salts, which ensure internal cleanliness and keep the bloodstream pure. New and refreshed blood is sent coursing to every fibre of your being. Then, neuritis, sciatica and kindred ills all pass you by.

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Write at once to:

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& Zamindar,
ELLORE, (Madras Presidency.)

ALLEGED KIDNAPPING

Girl And Suspect Arrested At Bandra Following Father's Complaint

That he kidnapped Premibai, daughter of Prema Lala, residing at Forjett Street on April 16, was the allegation made by the Gamdevi Police yesterday against Shankar Laxman.

The father of the girl reported to the Police on April 16 that the girl was missing from the home and that he suspected that she had been taken away by the accused.

Enquiries showed that the accused lived with the girl at Bandra. The girl and the accused were arrested by the Railway Police on Tuesday and brought down to Bombay.

Pending enquiries the accused was remanded into custody till May 16 at the Girgaum Court.

MADE FALSE COMPLAINT

Sun-Tobacco Co. Managing Director Fined Rs. 51

(From Our Correspondent.)
KURLA, May 1.

In the case in which Mr. Manordas Narandas Narielwala, managing director of the Sun Tabacco Company Limited, was called upon by Mr. R. W. Potnis, the Resident Magistrate at Kurla, to show cause why he should not be asked to pay compensation to Mr. Padamsi Shivji, of Ghatkopar, one of the directors of the company, against whom "false and vexatious" charges of cheating and misappropriation in respect of two sums of Rs. 2,000 and Rs. 155 were brought by him (the complainant), the Magistrate passed an order yesterday that the complainant should pay Rs. 51 as fine to the accused.

The complainant is going to appeal to the Sessions Court at Thana against this order.

THANA "ABDUCTION" CASE ARRESTS

Wife And Servant Remanded To Custody

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, May 1.

Narayan Ramchandra Khamberkar (25) and Venubai (22) wife of Shrimant Ramdas Dharamdas Bairagi (complainant), who were arrested by the Thana town police the previous evening on charges of enticing away a married woman (second accused) with immoral purpose, adultery with her, theft of gold ornaments and abetment thereof, were produced yesterday before Mr. M. B. Kunte, City Magistrate of Thana who ordered them to be remanded to Magisterical custody and fixed May 13 for hearing the case.

The complaint was lodged on Monday by Shrimant Ramdas Dharamdas Bairagi, of Maruti Temple, Bombay, against the first accused, who was his servant, and the second accused, who is his legally married wife.

ALLEGED CONFIDENCE TRICK

Ali Bux, who is alleged to have tried to palm off a brass ring as Gold to Ali Bux Phir Mahomed was arrested, and ordered to be released on bail by Mr. I S Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day.

The Duke of Richmond and Gordon is critically ill, suffering from a recurrence of the illness caused by his war wounds which have deprived him of the use of his legs.

SILVER JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS

Programme Of Events During May

Date.	Event.	Place.	Time.	Tickets available at and Price.	
May 1st, Wednesday	Grand Variety Entertainment (For Children only.)	Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall.	6 p.m.	At the door annas 8.	Under distinguished patronage of Lady Brabourne.
May 2nd Thursday.	Grand Variety Entertainment (see descriptive note below).	Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall.	9 p.m.	Messrs. Rose & Co. and at door Rs. 2, Re. 1 and annas 8.	
May 3rd Friday.	Benefit Performance "Old Curiosity Shop."	Excelsior Theatre.	10 p.m.	Excelsior Theatre Rates as usual.	Their Excellencies will attend.
May 4th Saturday.	Motor Parade.	Churchgate Station Reclamation.	3-30 p.m.	Race Course.	
	Fireworks Display (see descriptive note below)	Race Course.	About 5-45 p.m. to 8-45 p.m.	Rs. 3, Re. 1 and annas 8. Prize programmes Re. 1 each. (Certain parts of Race Course grounds will be free for labouring classes and the poor).	Their Excellencies will attend.
May 6th Monday.	JUBILEE DAY. Thanksgiving Services:—	(The Religious Services mentioned in the programme below are the only ones about which specific details have been received. It is known that all communities are holding services and the public will be able to obtain details from the leaders of the communities.)			
	Thanksgiving Service.	St. Thomas's Cathedral.	9-30 a.m.	Admission by ticket.	Their Excellencies will attend.
	Thanksgiving Service.	Church of Scotland.	9-30 a.m.		
	Prayers led by H. H. the Mullaji Saheb.	Mosque, Dhabu Street, Null Bazaar.	12-30 p.m.		
	Thanksgiving Service.	Roman Catholic Cathedral.	6-00 p.m.		Their Excellencies will attend.
	Thanksgiving Service.	Wadia Fire Temple.	5-00 p.m.		
	Prayers led by Chief Kazi of Bombay.	Jumma Musjid.	9-00 p.m.		
	Naval and Military Pageant.	Royal Indian Navy, Dockyard.	4 to 8-30 p.m.	Royal Indian Navy, Dockyard, annas 4.	
	Firing of Rockets.	Bhandarwada Reservoir Gardens.	9 to 10-30 p.m.	Free.	
		Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Gardens.	do.	Free.	
		Worli Fort.	do.	Free.	
	Illuminations.	Public and private Buildings.			
May 7th Tuesday.	Scouts and Guides 'Own' Rally.	Cooperage.	8-00 a.m.	Free.	Their Excellencies will attend.
	Naval and Military Pageant.	Royal Indian Navy, Dockyard.	4 to 8-30 p.m.	R. I. N., Dockyard, Re. 1.	Their Excellencies will attend.
May 8th Wednesday.	Naval and Military Pageant.	Royal Indian Navy, Dockyard.	4 to 8-30 p.m.	R. I. N. Dockyard, annas 4.	
May 9th Thursday.	Naval and Military Pageant.	Royal Indian Navy, Dockyard.	4 to 8-30 p.m.	R. I. N., Dockyard, annas 4.	
May 11th Saturday.	Gala Afternoon.	Football Ground, Cooperage.	4-30 p.m. to 7-15 p.m.	W. I. F. A. office and at door. Rs. 7, 3, 1 and annas 8.	Their Excellencies will attend.
May 17th Friday.	Naval and Military Pageant.	Royal Indian Navy, Dockyard.	9-45 p.m.	Messrs. Rose & Co., Rampart Row, Reserved seats Rs. 5 and Rs. 4. R. I. N., Dockyard, Gallery Re. 1.	Their Excellencies will attend.
May 18th Saturday.	Naval and Military Pageant.	Royal Indian Navy, Dockyard.	9-45 p.m.	Messrs. Rose & Co. Reserved seats Rs. 5 and Rs. 4. R. I. N. Dockyard. Gallery Re. 1.	

This programme does not include entertainments arranged by Clubs, Gymkhanas, etc. for the Fund.

OPEN CYCLING RACES AT MATUNGA

Mr. Behram Karanjia Donates Silver Cups For Winners

The Matunga Vyayam Shala which is responsible for the organisation of the Bombay Presidency Cycling Races, announce that Mr. Behram N. Karanjia has presented silver cups for the winners. The third annual meeting will take place on Sunday, May 12 at 6 a.m. on a track situated on the Dadar-Matunga section of the G. I. P. Railway.

The 10 miles fast cycling race is open to those who have not won first, second or third prize in any open amateur event of 10 miles or above on or between January 1934 to February, 1935.

The one mile fast cycle race is open to women competitors.

For previous winners or placed competitors, there is a fast 10 miles race open to cyclists, who have figured prominently in any amateur event of 10 miles or above between January 1934 and February 1935.

Entrance fees are Rs. 2, 1 and 3 respectively for events in the order named.

Entries will close on Sunday, May 5, at 9 p.m.

All applications should be sent to the Joint Secretaries, the Matunga Vyayam Shala Laxminarayan Lane, Matunga, G. I. P.

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, the Commissioner of Police will preside and distribute the prizes.

The Nellore Municipal Council has sanctioned Rs. 500 for expelling monkeys from the town.

KIDNAPPED MINOR GIRL

Accused Gets Three Months' R. I.

"The idea of the legislature in raising the ages from 16 years to 18 years is to protect minor girls, and as such the sentence must be adequate to the seriousness of the offence," said Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Additional Court, Mazagaon, on Tuesday, in convicting and sentencing Rama Baboo to three months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of kidnapping a minor girl.

The prosecution story was that the girl and her father, Shanker, were living at Batatawala Chawl, Lalbaug, and that the accused with his mistress was living in an adjoining room. On December last the accused with two other persons carried her away in a victoria. On February last he was seen by the police with the girl, Ladoo Bai, aged 14, at Dadar, where he was arrested.

The accused pleaded "not guilty" and said that the girl was on friendly terms with him.

The Magistrate disbelieving the story sentenced him as above, and acquitted two others who were arrested with the accused.

HACK VICTORIA OWNER'S LOSS

Burglar Rifles Trunk And Gets Away With Rs. 300

A daring burglary was committed in the early hours of Tuesday morning at Mount Road, Bombay, when the residence of Jiwa Miyaji, a hack victoria owner, was broken open, and cash valued at Rs. 200 in G. C. notes stolen from a trunk.

Jiwa Miyaji, it appears was sleeping in the verandah of his residence oblivious of the fact that his room had been enteded.

Besides the cash, a black leather purse was also stolen.

The Byculla police are investigating.

EIGHTEEN MONTHS FOR STEALING ELECTRIC BULB

Old Offender Caught By Waiting C. I. D.'s At Silver Jubilee Office

An old offender who robbed an Electric Bulb and a piece of wire from the office of the Silver Jubilee Fund at Queens Road, was sentenced to 18 months R I by Mr. D N D Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court on Wednesday.

The case for the prosecution was that two thefts had been committed in the office of the Silver Jubilee Fund and the matter was reported to the police.

Two plain clothes constables were placed on duty at the office and on April 6 at about 5 a.m. the accused, Sheikh Ismail Sheikh Ahmed was seen loitering near the office.

Soon after the accused cut an electric wire and took an electric bulb. He was arrested and charged with theft.

The accused denied the charge but admitted five previous convictions.

The Magistrate, observed that the prosecution evidence left no doubt in his mind that the accused had committed the offence In view of his many previous convictions the Magistarte passed a deterrent sentence.

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PROGRAMME FOR JUBILEE HOLIDAYS.

Saturday, 4th May 1935, xx Pir Pau,	4-00 — 6-00 p.m.
Saturday, 4th May 1935, x Round "Dufferin"	6-30 — 7-30 p.m.
Sunday, 5th May 1935, xxx Round Elephanta	3-30 — 7-30 p.m.
Sunday, 5th May 1935, x Round "Dufferin"	6-30 — 7-30 p.m.
Monday, 6th May 1935, xxx Isle of Nahawa	3-30 — 7-30 p.m.
Monday, 6th May 1935, x Round "Dufferin"	6-30 — 7-30 p.m.

Fare per person. x 0-12-0. xx Rs. 1-2-0 xxx Rs. 1-8-0.

CHILDREN UNDER 12 AT HALF RATES.

MUSIC: DRINKS and LIGHT REFRESHMENTS AT TARIFF RATES

Tickets will be sold at Apollo Bunder at the time of embarkation.

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Sports Jottings From Here And There

Amateurism v. Professionalism In Lawn Tennis

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

FAMOUS AMATEURS TURNED 'PRO'.

Since the days when "Big Bill" Tilden and Suzanne Lenglen turned professional, the question of professionalism has been agitating the Tennis world. Because of the short-sighted policy so far followed by the International Lawn Tennis Federation, several world famous players have joined the ranks of "Big Bill" and Suzanne. It would be idle to deny that their departures from the Amateur world in a regular stream during the last few years have left voids which it has not been possible to fill up by any country. Therefore, the "So-called Amateur tennis" is much poorer to-day by the "divine ordination" of the tennis gods of the world than it should be.

TEMPTING OFFERS TO PERRY.

This question has come into large prominence recently owing to the very tempting offers which are being made to Fred Perry, the world champion by some film producers. It is said that the offers range from £10,000 to £20,000. I would certainly give Perry the highest credit for so far refusing the offers which few could have the heart or will to turn down. His chief reason is that he wants to remain free to fight for his country's honour for the retension of the Davis Cup this year. I believe that at the end of this season he will go the way Tilden, Cochet and Vires have done.

WHY PERRY IS VACILLATING.

There is another reason which has weighed with the British Ace in no small degree. And that is the social boycott which his countrymen are sure to meet him out as soon as he signs the contract. No tennis club would receive him thereafter and the Wimbledon crowd would refuse to recognise him. I well remember the instances of Tilden and Lenglen, the idols of Wimbledon for many a year, whom the tennis fans would not even condescent to look at when he visited the scene of his glorious deeds last suffer. Still I do think that Perry will brave the ordeal at the end of this season.

A REVOLT CALLED FOR.

Now the question is how long will the tennis world stand the tyranny of the snobs who rule the most at the headquarters of tennis. All those who are for democratic and clean sport should rise in revolt against this kind of despotism and throw overboard their undesirable masters. I want my countrymen fully to realise the implications of the controversy which is now raging in the West. Fortunately, we are still immune from the causes which have raised the issue. But the time is coming when we shall be faced with a similar problem.

DEFINITION OF AN AMATEUR.

The International Lawn Tennis Federation has defined an amateur as follows:

Any lawn tennis player is an amateur who: (a) is not disqualified as an amateur in any other branch of sport; (b) does not receive or has not received, directly or indirectly, pecuniary advantage by playing, teaching, demonstrating or pursuit of the game; (c) having lost his amateur status under the last preceding clause has been re-instated as an amateur.

PROHIBITIONS FOR AN AMATEUR.

An amateur lawn tennis player is specially prohibited from: (a) playing for a money prize, stake, staked bet, declared wager, or other monetary consideration; (b) knowingly playing for a prize or playing a match with or against any person other than an amateur, (without the written permission of the Central Council A. I. T. A.); (c) selling or gaming any pecuniary advantage by means of prizes won.

(d) Accepting money or gaining pecuniary advantage by: (i) advertising or permitting his name to be advertised as the user of the goods of a manufacturer, agent or merchant; or (ii) allowing his name or initials to be placed on any lawn tennis requisite of which he is not the actual manufacturer or retailer;

MORE SEVERE RESTRICTIONS.

(e) Advertising or permitting his name to be advertised commercially in connection with the sale of any lawn tennis wearing apparel or requisites of which he is not the actual manufacturer or retailer; (f) advertising or permitting his name to be advertised commercially to his own advantage in connection with any tournament.

Accepting money or gaining pecuniary advantage by: (i) giving instructions in the game by correspondence or lecture; (ii) advertising his name or permitting his name to be advertised as the author of any book or press article on the game of which he is not the actual author.

WHERE THE CATCH LIES.

An amateur lawn tennis player is permitted to give instructions to the pupils at an educational establishment provided that his engagement also includes scholastic or routine duties and no specific part of his salary is allocated to the giving of such instruction.

An amateur lawn tennis player is permitted: (a) to receive hospitality at a private house when playing in any tournament; (b) to receive travelling and reasonable hotel, boarding house or similar establishment expenses: (i) when officially selected to represent the Association in, or playing in, an official lawn tennis championship or (ii) in any other competitions as the Central Council (A. I. L. T. A. for India) may authorize or for a representative team competition.

In another article I propose to deal with this vital question of amateurisen v. professionalism showing how the above rules are being flouted by players and how the authorities are ruining the game by their short-sighted policy.

"BAHRAM" WINS 2,000 GUINEAS

"Theft" And "Sea Bequest" Come Second And Third

LONDON, May 1.

The Twothousand Guineas stake run at Newmarket over a distance of one mile resulted as follows:

Bahram I.
Theft II.
Sea Bequest III.

Sixteen ran. The race was won by one and half length. Two lengths separated second and third.

Starting prices were 7/2 Bahram 11/2 Theft 100/7 Sea Bequest. —Reuter's Special.

How "Bahram" Won

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 1.

"Bahram" and "Bobsleigh" are outstanding and goodlooking in the field. From the good start the most prominent were "Screamer", "Consequential", "Theft," "Sea Bequest", "Bobsleigh", "Bahram", "Buckley" and "Apollo".

Approaching the bushes the leaders were "Sea Bequest," "Theft", "Screamer", "Behram" "Buckley" and "Bobsleigh" Shortly after "Behram" took the lead drawing away and won easily from his stable companion "Bobsleigh", who was a firm 7/4 favourite fourth, "Apollo" fifth, "Buckleigh" sixth. Time taken was 1 min. 41 2/5 seconds.

Aga Khan Wins Guineas

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 1.

H. H. Aga Khan ran two horses in the 2,000 Guineas, the first clasic race of the season. "Bahram's" was a smashing performance. According to jockey he was never out of canter. H. H. Aga Khan is at present at the Riviera but his son, Aly, was present. Lord Derby was present to see "Bobsleigh" run disappointedly to the finish only a fourth. "Behram" has now won all the six races while it competed a worthy son of his sire "Bandford", recently deceased.

H. H. Aga Khan won the Guineas previously with "Diophon" in 1925.

Runners In 2,000 Guineas

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON May 1.

In the Twothousand Guineas Stakes, H. Beasley rode "Opollo", H. Wragg "Desert Cloud." Otherwise the runners were identical with the probables.

TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS CALL OVER

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 30.

The following is the latest call-over for Two Thousand Guineas Stake:—

5/1 Bahram (offered) and three one (taken).

7/2 Bebsleigh (taken and offered).

5/1 Theft (offered) and eleven/two (taken).

10/1 Buckleigh (taken and (offered).

100/8 Seabequest (offered) and hundred/seven (taken).

100/8 Robingoodfellow (offered).

20/1 Desertcloud (offered) and twestyfive/one (taken).

25/1 Screamer (taken) and (offered).

25/1 Consequential (offered) and thirtythree/one (taken).

40/1 Pa'rbairn Plymouthsound Boulonor Powerfulprince and Apollo.

66/1 Marmadukejinke Hundred/one Aufweidesohen (all offered).

CHILE PRODIGY WINS IN WOMEN'S SINGLES

LONDON, May 1.

In one of the most exciting of women's singles was seen at Bournemouth, Sinorita Anitalizana, the hitherto unbeaten prodigy from Chile defeated the English international player Mrs. Fearnley Whittingstall 6—3, 4—6, 8—6.

Fred Perry holder reached the semi-final in men's dafeating Peters, the Cambridge blue. 7—5, 6—3, 9—7. He meets the German, Daniel Prean. Austin, Britche Davis Cup player meets the South African, Farquharson, in the other semifinal.—Reuter.

WHY JACK DOYLE CANCELLED FIGHT

NEW YORK, (By Mail).

Jack Doyle, the Irish heavyweight boxer, has cancelled his fight with Poreda, which was to have taken place in Boston on April 8, because the promoters failed to pay the money in advance.

Doyle explained that he had had trouble in collecting money after his fights in Europe. So he made it a rule that he would not fight unless the money was paid in advance.

Negotiations are in progress for Doyle to meet Tom Patrick in the Chicago Stadium on April 15. If these fall through, Doyle says he will meet Max Baer, world champion, in an exhibition match on that date.

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE DEMANDS FURTHER GRANT

But Standing Committee Refuses To Consider Question, Unless Directed By Corporation

The Municipal Standing Committee which met at the Corporation Hall on Wednesday evening decided that after carefully going through and considering the scale of fees charged in respect of the stones at the Mahaluxmi Dhobivado, the Committee was of opinion that the newly prepared scale of fees should stand.

It would be remembered that the Corporation by a resolution passed on March 11, referred back the question of the scale of fees in respect of the stones in Dhobivada to the Standing Committee for reconsideration with the recommendation that the old scale of fees be adhered to.

The letter of the Schools Committee asking for a further grant of one lakh of rupees came up for consideration.

The letter stated that the Corporation had given them only 31.05.000 while they had asked for the bare minimum of Rs. 32,87,827. Hence the Schools Committee had to readjust the budget, although they had demanded to meet the bare needs of the several departments of the Schools Committee. They having learnt that the Corporation had saved several lakhs through the extension of the currency of the development Loan, they requested the Standing Committee to increase the Grant to the Schools Committee by at least a lakh of rupees.

Mr. Griffiths, the Chairman pointed out that the Chairman of Schools Committee was there to explain the position of the committee.

Mr. Goregaonker pointed out that since the Standing Committee had already submitted its budget, it could not consider any application for grant, unless it was directed to do so by the Corporation.

It was decided by the Committee not to discuss the question until it was directed to do so by the Corporation.

Phalodi Gungour Case Defence Committee

The Secretary, Phalodi Gungour Case Defence Committee writes:—A meeting of the Phalodi Gungour case Defence Committee was held yesterday evening Rai Saheb Sangidasji Thanvi was unanimously elected president. By its first resolution the Committee expressed its sense of loyalty and implicit trust in the present ruler of Jodhpur State.

The object of the meeting as defined, was to secure by all constitutional and legitimate means full justice to the persons accused in the case referred to above, to seek redress for the unwarranted encroachment upon the religious rights of the Hindoos by the State authorities. It was decided to raise large funds to achieve the above objective.

Siddha Ranjani Sabha

The Members of the above Sabha will put on boards "Sati Sulochana" a drama in Tamil on Sunday May 5 at the Damodar Thakersey Hall, Parel. It will be recalled that their performance in December last was a record success.

Another Big Month For Fords

Following close upon the sensational successes of the latter part of last year, when several records for deliveries to their Dealers were broken, Ford scored another success in April, it is now confirmed.

August deliveries to dealers were the highest on record for three and a half years and it was thought, then, that this was about as high as they could reasonably hope to go with conditions as they are at present. October deliveries, however, exceeded those of August, and it is now confirmed by the Ford Motor Company of India, Limited, that deliveries to their dealers during April were higher than those of October last.

• Interviewed, Mr. E. A Sully, Sales Manager of the Ford Motor Company of India, Limited, stated: "Whilst most gratifying, April results were anything but unexpected. Early in the month there were signs that April would be yet another big month, and, by the 26th, we knew that October figures would be exceeded. We are all naturally, very pleased with the April results and trust that the public in India, Burma and Ceylon will continue to show such marked preference for Fords." "We are, he added, "singularly fortunate in having a full size 112" wheelbase Touring car to offer and this, of course, added materially to our most satisfactory April results."

FOOTBALL TEAM WALKS OFF FIELD

MYSORE, April 28.

The match between the Challenge Union "B", a local side, and the Akbar Club (Calicut) in the South India Football Tournament (elevens) was not played to a finish.

Five minutes before close of play, the Calicut team withdrew from the field, protesting against a decision of the umpire.

The Mysore Challenge Union, who were leading by one goal to nothing, were declared winners of the match.

Vigour Restored, Glands Made Young In 24 Hours

It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, weak memory and body, nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, and poor sleep, because an American Doctor has discovered a quick, easy way to end these troubles.

This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and is bringing new youth and vigour to thousands. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by thousands in America and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you. If your chemist is out, write Muller MacLean, Bombay.

"De Novo" Trial Of Nariman's Case

Velinker Explains Legal Aspect Of Prosecution

If the Defence contention was that the nine lakhs of rupees revenue derived from the renewal registration fees of motor vehicles in the Presidency, was much too large for the services rendered by the Motor Vehicles Department, then it would be, Mr. Velinker said, for the Defence to establish that point. The unpublished records of the revenues of the Motor Vehicles department would not be available for the defence, and the defence contenton would open an inquiry which would last for several months covering the revenues earned by Sind and Bombay.

For the purposes of this inquiry, Mr. Velinker said, it was sufficient for the prosecution to show that it was incumbent upon Mr. Nariman to pay the renewal fees for the registration certificate of his car on the 31st August 1934 or before the 10th of September 1934 giving him the benefit of the ten days grace—before he could allow his car to be used.

"DE NOVO" TRIAL.

At the "De Novo" trial before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court on Wednesday, of the case in which Mr. K. F. Nariman, the Mayor of Bombay, is charged with having failed to pay the renewal registration certificate fees of Rs. 32 on August 1934, and having used his car on two occasions viz., November 30 and 3. December 1934 in contravention of rule 6B of the Motor Vehicles Act, Mr. S. G. Velinkar with Mr. G. L. Walker, Public Prosecutor, appearing for the Motor Vehicles Department, outlined the prosecution case.

HIGH COURT'S DIRECTION.

In opening the case, Mr. Velinker said that a reference had been made to the High Court by the Public Prosecutor, as to whether the ruling of the Hon. Presidency Magistrates, that for the purposes of this inquiry rule 6 (B) and rule (7) under the Motor Vehicles Act should be read together, and further praying that in view of the important legal issues involved in this inquiry, the case should be transferred from the file of the Hon. Presidency Magistrates, Girgaum, to that of a Stipendiary Presidency Magistrate. Their Lordships had directed that the case should be heard before a Stipendiary Magistrate, but had not clearly and definitely implied that the two rules should be read together.

NARIMAN'S CONTENTION.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, said that the learned counsel for the prosecution had not correctly stated Their Lordships' direction regarding the Hon. Presidency Magistrates' ruling. He pointed out that the Advocate-General who appeared before Their Lordships had not pursued this point, and in fact gave it up at its initial stage in view of their Lordships disinclination to make any order in regard to the ruling of the Hon. Presidency Magistrates. That was a sufficient implication, Mr. Nariman said, that the ruling of the Hon. Presidency Magistrates held good. Continuing, Mr. Nariman said Mr. Velinker was not present at the High Court proceedings, and therefore, he could be excused for not correctly stating the facts, but the Public Prosecutor was there, and he would certainly bear him out in his assertion.

Mr. Velinkar: My friend is again speaking without his book, because in the judgment, it is stated that the Advocate-General did not seriously press this point.

Mr. Nariman retorted: This is mere hair-splitting of words. What is the difference between 'not seriously pressing the point" and "giving up the point?" In any case, Mr. Nariman said, the ruling of the Hon. Presidency Magistrate held good and the two rules nos. 6 B and 7 should be read together.

Mr. Velinker: I want my contention to be noted, because I do not want to be precluded hereafter from arguing the point.

LEGAL ASPECTS.

Mr. Velinker then argued on the legal aspect of the case and led evidence to show that Mr. Nariman's car was seen on the road on November 30 and December 3 last. It was also stated, in evidence, that Mr. Nariman had written to the Motor Vehicles Department that he had no intention of paying the enhanced renewal fees as he had considered the levy as illegal; but that he was prepared to pay the original renewal registration fees.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned to May 14.

JUTE SHARES UNCHANGED

Fair Turnover In Teas

CALCUTTA, May 1.

In the share market to-day jute shares were practically unchanged. Coals were steady and unchanged. In teas there was a fair turnover and prices recovered. Miscellaneous section disclosed no special feature. Government securities were easier. Following were to-days closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—three per cent loan 1941 100/14; three and half per cent Government paper 92/6; ditto loan 1947/50 101/14, five per cent bonds 1935 100/12.

Banks: Bank of India 118/8, Reserve Bank 119.

Coals:—Bengal 279.

Jutes:—Adamjee ordy 16/1, Auckland 235, Barangore 167, Belvedere 370, Fort William 339, small lots; India 405/8; Kamarhatty 532.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 6/10; Patna Elec. 16/4 small lot; B. I. Corporation ordy 3; small lot; Indian Wood Products 30/12; Calcutta Landing and Shipping 14/12; Indian General Navigation ordy. 112/8 small lots; Cawnpore 32/4.

Teas:—Hattikhira 24/12, small lots; Hasimira :40/4 cum div.

Debentures:—Four per cent 1906/36 Calcutta Municipal 100/4; 4 per cent 1909/30. Four per cent 1906/36 Calcutta Municipal 101/4; 4 per cent small lot.—A. P.

ENGLISH AMATEUR GOLF TITLE

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

HOLLINWELL, (Notts), April 30.

The nineteenth hole victory for Charles Sollick, the one-legged former Nottinghamshire Amateur Champion over N. P. Nixon, the Yorkshire County player, and the defeat of the millionaire Francis Francis by P. Risdon an ex-English boy international by 3 and 2 were the features of the day's play in the English Amateur Golf Championship.

Protect his precious teeth against FILM

FILM is one of the greatest causes of tooth decay—and tooth decay often results in the loss of teeth.

In film are tiny, rod-shaped germs—*lactobacilli*. These germs produce strong acid which eats away tooth enamel just as other acids burn holes in cloth or wood. Deeper and deeper go the acids. Finally the nerve is reached . . . the root canal infected . . . and unless repaired, results may prove tragic.

To fight dangerous film, use Pepsodent instead of ordinary tooth pastes. Why? Because Pepsodent contains a special film-removing substance that is one of the great discoveries in oral hygiene. Its power to remove every trace of film stain is revolutionary! Be safe—use Pepsodent twice a day and see your dentist at least twice a year.

FREE 10-day tube

The Pepsodent Co.,
P. O. Box 473,
Singapore, Sts. Settlements.

Please send me a free ten-day sample of Pepsodent Tooth Paste. I enclose ½ anna in stamps to cover cost of mailing.

Name.....

Address..... City.....

GRAND GALA OPENING

under the kind auspices of

Mr. K. F. NARIMAN,

Mayor of BOMBAY

on Saturday 4th May, at 5 p.m.

of SWASTIK'S Proud presentation

'Dard-e-Ulfat'

OR

PANGS of LOVE

AT **Swastik**

TALKIES

(Late Carlton Talkies)

Lamington Rd.

SWASTIK PICTURES

EMBLEM OF PROSPERITY.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 30, 1991.
Muslim: Mohurrum 28, 1353.
Parsi: Avan 28, 1304.
Sunrise: 6h. 11m.
Sunset: 7h. 1m.
High Tide: 11-40; 23-32.
Low Tide: 5-02; 17-36

S. S. 'Viceroy of India' with English mails of April 18 due at 2 p.m.

Municipal Corporation 3-40 p.m.

Grand Variety Entertainment in aid of Silver Jubilee Fund by Boys' Gymkhana assisted by local amateurs, C. J. Hall, 9 p.m.

FRIDAY, May 3.

Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Week Association, annual general meeting, Sanitary Association Hall, Princess street, 5-50 p.m. Lady Brabourne presiding.

SATURDAY, May 4.

S. S. 'Viceroy of India' with English mails, sails at 1 p.m.

Silver Jubilee Motor Parade: Procession from Churchgate to Race Course, Mahalaxmi. Cars assemble for procession at Churchgate at 3-30 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Indian music. 1 p.m. Bombay market rates. Lunch Hour Selections (Records). 2 p.m. Close down.

6-30 p.m. The Cadets Band of I.M.M. T.S. "Dufferin". 7 p.m. Chamber music. The Kolisch Quartet. 7-30 p. m. Dance music. The s.s. 'President Adams' Orchestra. 8-50 p.m. Empire relay. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News. 9 p.m. General and Commercial News. 9-20 p.m. Recitations from Holy Koran. 9-30 p.m. Classical and Light music. 11 p.m. Close down.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

FAZALBHOY, ABDULLA—The interment of the remains of the late Mr. Abdulla Fazalbhoy will take place on Thursday the 2nd May 1935 at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Khoja Burial Ground at Durga Mohoilla (end of Sandhurst Road). Friends and relations will please accept this as the only intimation.

MINERVA

TALKIES Lamington Road

TO-DAY SPECIAL MATINEE SHOW at 3 p.m. for 'AMAS' HOLIDAY

Daily 3 Shows: 5-30, 8, 10-30 p.m.

GLORIOUS 3RD WEEK!

of Prabhat's New Picture

'CHANDRASENA'

चंद्रसेना

A Romantic Legend from "RAMAYAN"

SPECTACULAR SCENES OF THE UNDER-WORLD (Patala-Lok)

Featuring: NALINI TARKHAD, SURESHBABU, RAJANEE & OTHER PRABHAT STARS

DELIGHTFUL MUSIC! ENCHANTING DANCES!!

Direction: Western India Theatres, Ltd.

KRISHNA

—TALKIES, Dubash Theatre

TO-DAY SPECIAL MATINEE SHOW at 3 p.m. for 'AMAS' HOLIDAY.

LAST 2 DAYS!

29th

AND POSITIVELY

FINAL Week

OF PRABHAT'S EPIC JEWEL

"AMRIT MANTHAN"

REMEMBER—this week is your LAST CHANCE to witness India's First PERFECT Picture!

To-day's Shows No. 498, 499, 500.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"David Copperfield". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Kid Millions." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"42 Street" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Limehouse Blues." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Kentucky Kernels." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Barrister's Wife." Time as usual
GLOBE—"Insaf-ki-Tope." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Chandrasena." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amrit Manthan." Daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Diplomaniacs." Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Barrets of Wimple Street" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Viva Villa" Dhobi Talao Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Evensong, relayed from Westminster Abbey, London. 8-15 p.m. Talk: "Under Big Ben." Mr. Howard Marshall. 8-30 p.m. "Pleasure on Parade" (Northern Edition). 9-15 p. m. An Organ Recital by T. W. North, relayed from the Town Hall, Walsall. 9-45 p.m. Dance music. 10 p.m. The News. 10-15 p.m. Dance music. 10-30 p. m. Close down.

POSTAL HOLIDAY

Monday (6th inst.) will be observed as a Post Office holiday, on account of the Silver Jubilee.

All the Departments of the Bombay G.P.O. and the Town Sub-Offices, including the telegraph branches, will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays.

SRI SANKARACHARYA'S BIRTHDAY

The camp manager to His Holiness Jagathguru Sri Sankaracharya of Sri Kanchi Kamakoti Pitha writes:—

The Sankara Jayanti day (The birthday of the Adi Sankaracharya—the great) falls on Tuesday, the 7th May this year. His Holiness, the present Acharya has appeared to all Hindus in general and persons interested in Vedanta philosophy in particular to celebrate the occasion in every town and village all over India and to make it a point of the programme of the day to start an institution even on the smallest scale to understand and propagate Adwaita philosophy through the press, platform and individual Upadesh.

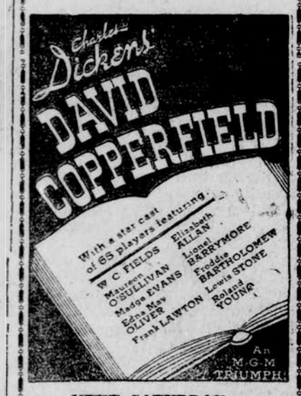
2nd Triumphant Week!

THE REGAL

(Always Comfortably Cool).

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Reduced Prices to School Parties



NEXT SATURDAY

RAMON NOVARRO

in

"THE NIGHT IS YOUNG"

THE CAPITOL

To-day & To-morrow Only AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

EDDIE CANTOR

in SAMUEL GOLDWYN'S production of

KID MILLIONS

Released thru UNITED ARTISTS

NEXT SATURDAY

PAUL MUNI

in

BORDERTOWN

DISCOURAGE PUBLIC OX-ROASTING

Humanitarians' Appeal To The King

The President of the Bombay Humanitarian League has sent the following telegram to the Lord Chamberlain to the King-Emperor:—

On behalf of the Bombay Humanitarian League, we most respectfully beg to convey our heartiest greetings to His Majesty on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee celebration. Also beg leave most respectfully to appeal to His Majesty on behalf of the humanitarians in India to issue instructions to those responsible for Silver Jubilee festivities to celebrate this auspicious occasion in such manner as can enable all human and sub-human subjects of His Majesty to observe it with all freedom.

Such inhuman festivities as that of public oxroasting be discouraged and it is humbly requested that His Majesty be pleased to express their desire to publicly refrain from such practice which involve cruelty to dumb animals who form a part of His Majesty's subjects.

ST. JOSEPH'S SCHOOL PRIZE DISTRIBUTION

The management of St. Joseph's School, Juhu, held their prize distribution on the spacious grounds of the school, on Sunday last at which Mr. Jos. Alex Dias, Solicitor, presided and gave away the prizes.

"The school" observed the School Board Inspector in his report supplies a want in the village which is more or less tending towards being urbanised The improvement in the tone of a school, depends upon the sympathetic attitude of the parents and guardians towards the school and their interest in the education of their children. The school children at Juru are drawn from a class of agriculturists and petty workers and as such are less prone to take intelligent or sympathetic interest in the well-being of their children so far as the educational side is concerned. This is the reason why the school authorities have an uphill task in maintaining and enhancing the efficiency and standard of instruction in the school.

Mr. Dias congratulated the management of the institution and remarked that this institution supplemented a great educational need in a village like Juhu which is cut off from the city and suburbs of Bombay.

With a vote of thanks to the president the proceedings terminated.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE SOCIETY.

The Monthly Meeting of the Society will be held at the Arthur Road Hospital, to-day (Thursday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

MR. BANERJEE'S TEA PARTY.

Mr. J. N. Banerjee, proprietor of "Himani Works", will give a tea party to-day (Thursday) at 4-30 p.m. in the new premises of the Works at Devakran Mansion, Princess Street.

HINDI PRACHAR SABHA.

The following new Hindi classes will be opened in Matunga, S.I.P.

1 A class for adults which will be held between 8-30 and 9-30 p.m.

2 A class for children between 8 and 9 a.m.

Admissions to these classes will be made at Napoo Hall upto the 5th inst.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

Dollar Steamship Lines s.s. President "Adams" will arrive here on the 2nd instant at 1 p.m. and will land passengers at No. 11 Alexandra Dock. She will again sail on Friday the 3rd instant at 5 p.m. with passengers and cargo for Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

BABY AND HEALTH WEEK ASSOCIATION.

The Annual General Meeting of the Presidency Baby and Health Week Association and its Bombay Branch will be held at the Bombay Sanitary Association Hall, Princess Street, Bombay, to-morrow (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

Lady Brabourne will preside.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, and Japan per S.S. "Toyama Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12-30 p.m. on Thursday the 2nd instant.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per S.S. "Pres. Adams" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-30 p.m. on Friday the 3rd instant.

Superscribed Mails for Singapore, Penang and Japan per S.S. "Kidderpore" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 1-0 p.m. on Friday the 3rd instant.

Superscribed Mails for Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per S.S. "Inchanga" Via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 5th instant.

SINDHI RESIDENTS CONDEMN ATTACK ON SWAMI RAMDAS.

A meeting of the Sindhi Residents of Bombay, under the presidentship of Mr. H. B. Shivadasani, was held in the Malharbai Hall, Bombay, on Tuesday and condemned the action of certain men in attacking and wounding Swami Ramdas Sahib, Mahant of Khatwara Dharamsal at Shikarpur, who has always been working for the benefit of the poor, regardless of the Community to which they belonged.

The following resolution was unanimously passed:—

"This Meeting of the Sindhi Residents of Bombay, strongly condemns and views with the greatest contempt and horror the cowardly attack, made upon the life of Swami Ramdas Sahib of Khatwari Dharamsal of Shikarpur, on the evening of 25th April at Shikarpur, and expresses its heartfelt sympathy with Swami Sahib and prays for his speedy recovery and long life."

Mr. P. D. Churi, retiring branch secretary of the National Insurance Company, Ltd., in whose honour a party was given at the Bombay office of the Company, Hornby Road, which was attended by many persons prominent in the Indian insurance world.

TAXI METER CONTROVERSY

Popp's Meters Are Found Reliable, Says Drivers' Union Secretary

The Hon. General Secretary, Bombay Taxi-drivers' Union, writes:—

"On behalf of the Bombay Taxi-drivers' Union, a communique has been issued by the Hon. Gen. Secretary that some time ago an unnecessary row was created challenging the correctness of meters in Bombay.

It is alleged that a representative of a local paper moved in the matter of abolishing Popp's Meters and instituting a new device called the Argo's Meters. A definite challenge was given to the taxi-drivers, and in the name of Dr. G. W. Burley, Principal, V.J.T.I. the "Times" carried on propaganda. The Taxi-drivers' Union, therefore, took prompt measures, and the Police also assured themselves of the incorrectness of the above statement, by personally investigating the whole problem and it found on the authority of the police that not one meter in the city was incorrect and the travelling public had no fear and need entertain fear on that score.

"It now transpires that the above representative did move in the matter of seeing if Argo's Meters did prove a success, and the same has been found after due test to be incorrect, inaccurate and dangerous. The same meters were found to be useless after tests in Calcutta, and Madras. The present Popp's meters, therefore, hold the ground and they are largely used by the taxi drivers of Bombay."

B. P. Baby And Health Week Association

TO-MORROW'S ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS.

The Annual General Meetings of Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Association and its Bombay Branch will be held concurrently on Friday the 3rd May 1935 at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hall of the Bombay Sanitary Association, Princess Street, Bombay, under the Presidentship of Her Excellency Lady Brabourne.

The items on the agenda of both the meetings are common and so it will be convenient to consider them together. It is, therefore, proposed to take up the items as under:—1 Apologies;2 To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General meetings.; 3 To adopt the Annual Reports; 4 To adopt the statements of accounts of the Association and its Bombay Branch; 5 To adopt the pamphlet on 'Balanced Diets'; 6 To sanction the Budget of the Presidency Association for the current year; 7 To adopt the Provident Fund Rules of the Association; 8 Election of Office-Bearers of the Association and its Bombay Branch; 9 Election of members of the Executive Committee of the Association; 10 Election of members of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Branch; 11 To appoint auditors; 12 Distribution of certificates to the successful candidates of:—(a) the Health Volunteers' Class, (b) First-aid class and (c) Domestic Hygiene and Mothercraft class held under the auspices of the Bombay Branch. 13 Such other business as may be brought forward with the permission of the President; 14 President's remarks; 15 Vote of thanks to the President.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENTS AT KHAR

Under the auspices of the S. I. S. Society Khar, Srijut Vaidiraja Bhagavathar of South India gave two performances last Saturday and Sunday, which were very well received by the audience. The Bhagavathar was at his best especially in his second performance on "Sulochana Sati" and the accompaniments were in good tune Mr. Govinda Iyengar of Rane Ltd., spoke a few words of appreciation of the Kathas.

NAMAZI FAUJ.

Under the auspices of the Namazi Fauj Bombay a Public Lecture will be delivered by Maulana Gulam Fareed of Sialkot on "need of Muslims at the moment" to-day (Thursday) near Goramohalla Mosque, opposite Namazi-Fauj office at 9-45 p.m. Standard Time

THANA OFFICIAL BAILED OUT

Appeal To Be Heard On June 13

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, May 1.

On the application made by Mr. W. A. Rege, Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, ordered to-day the release of Balkrishna Govind Chawhan, assistant sanitary inspector of the Thana Municipality, on his furnishing a bail of Rs. 500 with one surety in the like amount.

Chawhan was convicted yesterday by the City Magistrate of Thana on a charge of outraging the modesty of a fisher girl in January last and was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default four months' additional imprisonment.

The Sessions Judge admitted his appeal and fixed June 13 next for hearing arguments.

ALLEGED BREACH OF TRADE MARK

Parties Come To A Settlement

A compromise having been arrived at between Babu Gokul Narayan Pratap Narayan, and (1) Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd. (2) Mr. Maneklal Jagjivan of the firm of Ramniklal Tulsidas, in the case in which the latter were charged under (Sections 482, 486 of the I. P. C. and 6 and 7 of the Indian Merchandise Marks Act), the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, marked the case "compounded" and acquitted the accused.

Babu Gokul Narayan Pratap Narayan, proprietor of Babu Gokul Narayan and Company in his complaint alleged that the accused imported and sold Dhotis with a counterfeit of his "Diamond" Trade mark. He had purchased in May, 1933 from the firm of Babu B. Muriidhar the rights of trade marks on dhotis and sarees to be manufactured in India, England and other places. One such trade mark was the "Diamond Shape". The first accused company, he alleged, imported for the second accused Dhotis bearing a similar mark. And these were being sold in Bombay by the second accused.

CASE COMPOUNDED.

The parties expressed a desire to arrive at a mutual understanding. This having been arrived at the next day, the Magistrate marked the case compounded and acquitted the accused.

The accused, while not admitting the complainant's assertion that he had trademark rights in the Diamond Trade mark, undertook not to import and sell Dhotis bearing the mark.

ULHAS WATERS FOR IRRIGATION

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, May 1.

To what extent the water of the Ulhas river can be utilised for purposes of irrigation is the question at present considered by the Government authorities on the subject.

In the course of a survey of the lands in the neighbourhood by the Agricultural Engineer, it was learnt that it was not possible to irrigate the area by natural gravitation, inspite of the possibility of diverting the course of the downward stream into the lowlying area. It is estimated that the area, which could be so utilised by irrigation, is about 3,000 acres.

In view of the great possibilities, large areas on the banks of the Ulhas river have been leased out by two enterprising florists to convert them into gardens and supply the Bombay market a large quantity of flowers.

Udayshankar At Vile Parle

Under the auspices of the entertainment Committee of the Khadi Village Industries Exhibition Committee of the suburban Political conference Natraj Udayshanker has consented to give a programme of his select dances. All are requested to purchase the tickets immediately as there is an incessant demand for the same.

Rates for the tickets are Rs.5, 2, 1. Children below 12 will be charged half rates. The perfomance will take place at 8 p.m. on 5th May 1935 at Upanagar Chhavni.

David Copperfield

The Management of the Regal Cinema have offered a prize for the best essay of not more than 30 lines on the subject of "David Copperfield, the film and why did you like it." The competition is open to school children under the age of 16.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Bombay's Bus Service

The fares of the B. E. S. T. Company's buses at present running in the City of Bombay in many cases are excessive and represent a state of affairs which does not exist in any other city of India. At present the bus system is a monopoly of the B. E. S. T. Company. The Company charges the high fares because there is no rival transport company of buses or individual bus systems.

A premier city like Bombay requires a cheap, quick and convenient transport system which can only be the bus system. Calcutta provides a fine bus as well as tram system in that it has express non-stop services for long distances at cheap rates. Madras follows closely. Bombay forms a contrast in that it provides a prohibitive (to the middle and poorer classes at least) and peculiar system. The peculiarity consists in the fare of changing and doing journeys by stages and at double the charge. It is inconvenient as well as an uneconomic, but ingenious system.

Municipal Ownership

Calcutta has a Bus Federation and Madras is trying to have one. Bombay need not pass through stages of beginning individually and later struggling for a Federation. It can straightway begin, by the Corporation taking over the bus system and socialising it, the rates approximating the suburban train fares and the journey being a through one and not by stages as is at present being done for instance from Fort to Dadar or Matunga, like the tram system with facilities of transfer. The progressive members of the Corporation should take a hint and proceed in the matter.

SIX ARRESTED IN GAMBLING RAID

In a gambling raid, carried out by the Bhoiwada Police on Tuesday night on a room on the ground floor of Kesar Baug at Vincent Road, Dadar, six persons were arrested.

They were bailed out in a sum of Rs. 20 at the Dadar Court, yestedday.

SEQUEL TO LOVE TANGLE

Ahmed Abdul Sattar and Majnoo Abdul Rahiman charged with murder of Abrahim David, and abetment thereof as a sequel to a quarrel in a love tangle at Nagpada on February 9, were committed to the sessions of the Bombay High Court by Mr. Reginald Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TREMINUS

Trains.	Arrivals. H.M
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Punjab Mail	10 45
Poona Mail	11 40
Nagpur Express	13 55
Poona Fast Passenger	15 25
Poona Express	19 25
Allahabad Express	20 10
Departures.	
Allahabad Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 15
Poona Fast Passenger	11 50
Madras Express	13 55
Poona Mail	15 50
Deccan Queen	17 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	17 50
Punjab Mail	18 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21 45
Madras Mail	22 00
Nagpur Express	22 10
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

	Arrivals H. M.
No. 8 Up Passenger	5 35
No. 20 Up Delhi Express	6 00
No. 2 Up Gujarat Mail	7 00
No. 10 Up Kathiawar Mail	7 40
*No. 4 Up Frontier Mail	8 30
No. 4 Up Frontier Mail (on Saturdays)	8 33
No. 12 Up Passenger	14 20
No. 16 Up Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6 Up Passenger	20 55
Departures from Bombay Central	
No. 15 Down Kathiawar Express	8 45
No. 9Down Passenger	8 55
No. 11 Down Passenger	13 25
No. 1 Down Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 3 Down Frontier Mail	21 30
No. 5 Down Kathiawar Mail	21 45
No. 19 Down Delhi Express	22 00
No. 7 Down Passenger	22 15

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	H. M.
*On Saturday only Passengers going to Europe	8 50

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1935

A CHALLENGE TO INDIA

Presiding over the annual general meeting of the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association on Tuesday, Seth Chimanlal Parekh laid special emphasis on the serious harm done to India by the Indo-British Trade Agreement and the Ottawa Pact. Both these deals have been condemned by the country in no uncertain terms. But they continue to be enforced by the Government, which shows, in the words of Mr. Parekh, "how weapons are forged, policies shaped and measures enacted contrary to the spirit of true development of national industries." So far as the Indo-British Pact is concerned, Mr. Parekh has no doubt, that it was concluded "with a view to secure preferential advantage for a foreign competing industry against a struggling national industry." In saying this he is but echoing the opinion of a number of responsible business organisations in the country. The only pity of it is that, though the evil is recognised by the public and Government refuse to remove it, organised attempts are not yet made by the people to remedy it in such ways as are open to them.

Asking For More

The worst thing about this policy of exploiting India for the benefit of Lancashire is that the same policy is to be continued under the New Dispensation. That is certain, unless the proposed safeguards give rise to a very strong Swadeshi reaction in this country. We have not yet heard of the last of the commercial safeguards. The more is given to them, the greater is the Britishers' clamour for more. On Monday, in the House of Commons, Mr. Linton Thorp proposed, as an additional safeguard, the appointment of an Indian Tariff Board by the Governor-General "at his discretion after consulting the Secretary of State" to advise the Federal Government on questions of import and export duties. Another M. P. seriously declared that India should give Britain at least 50 per cent. preference in tariffs. The pretence of devising or working safeguards in Indian interests was openly set aside. And Sir Thomas Inskip, the Attorney-General, candidly contrasted the tariff policies in England and in India. When Parliament established a Tariff Board in Britain, he said, it had only one interest, namely, to safeguard the interests of Britain; but in India there were two interests, India and Lancashire. He left unsaid, as superfluous, that when the two interests conflicted, Indian interests would be subordinated to those of Britain, as in the Indo-British Agreement.

Promote Swadeshi

If Mr. Thorp's resolution was not accepted by the Commons it was not, for love of justice to India but because Mr. R. A. Butler assured the House that the safeguards already approved would be so worked as to protect British interests effectively. Refering to Governor-General's special responsibility, he said: "We do not intend that the special responsibility shall be a dead letter if, unfortunately, wrong faction gained control of the policy of trading relations between the two countries". The meaning of this is clear. It is at once an assurance to British trading interests and a challenge to Indians. If the latter should ever venture so to protect Indian industries as to affect the former, the Governor-General would step in and put his foot down on such a policy. But it is up to Indian businessmen and the Indian public in general to take up the challenge and see if they cannot develop Swadeshi industries despite Government's failure to give them due protection and despite Britain's assaults on them. They can do that most certainly and effectively if, instead of merely verbally protesting against anti-national Pacts, they carry on an intensive Swadeshi campaign throughout the length and breadth of the country. The Swadeshi spirit is still strong enough in the country. The movement only needs to be better organised. The Congress and the Swadeshi Leagues working under its auspices, have, for good reasons, concentrated their efforts on cottage industries. But they would certainly prefer all kinds of Swadeshi goods to foreign ones, especially when the latter tend to ruin Indian industries. It is, therefore, the duty of the Indian large scale industries to organise their own Swadeshi campaign. Thereby they will be helping both themselves and the country.

Amazing Apologia

Sir Md. Yakub's rather amateurish adventures into realms of British Constitutionalism need not be taken seriously. Nor do his references to "provoking insults" by the Congress Press and "the ingratitude of Congress leaders" merit, in his own interests, any notice save, perhaps, an amused curiosity as to whether he really knew what he was talking about, when paying an enthusiastic tribute to Mr. Jinnah's nationalism and patriotic attitude in the Assembly. But, we cannot help noting the amazing lack of mental balance that the communalist knight has displayed in dealing with the tragedy at Ferozabad—his deliberate use of the term "accident" is too contemptible for words. Sir Md. Yakub himself extremely regrets what happened at Firozabad; he holds that murder and arson are to be condemned by whomsoever perpetrated. Yet in the very next breath he suggests that they need not have been condemned by the All-India Muslim League and other Muslim organisation! And the main argument that he advances does little credit either to his sense of proportion or to that of facts.

He should have at least given a chance to his memory, if not to his fair-mindedness, before citing the case of Cawnpore, where Hindus and Muslims both were "brutally butchered." The "attitude of Musalmans on the present occasion cannot be made a subject of condemnation," he says with airy cynicism! Even accepting for a moment his premises, does he realise, we wonder, that he is defending, in fact, encouraging, a policy of retaliation? Have these communalist "leaders" said good-bye to all sense of responsibility?

Roosevelt's "Threat"

President Roosevelt's ultimatum to the Military Committee of the House of Representatives may be unprecedented, but who would like publicity for designs—of course, in case of unlikely emergencies—against friends? That apart, the "threat" and the "disclosures" that provoked it bring into prominent relief, the one great issue which the world must face if it is not to end in utter disaster. So long as national policy is based on armaments and war is the final and ultimate arbiter of peace, "defence" arrangements of the kind disclosed at the Military Committee are inevitable.

The amicable relations between the U. S. A. and Canada are proverbial and the long stretch of unfortified border between the two has always been pointed to the world with proud meaning. The fact that a camouflaged air base was planned near the Canadian frontier emphasises, almost with dramatic effectiveness, the truth that friendship and even trust get obscured in the background of armament and especially secret armament. When two nations can arm and prepare in secrecy the temptation is much too strong to be resisted. The disclosures, astonishing as they are, prove as nothing else has done, that the only methods of achieving world peace are ruthless international check on arms—if not complete disarmament—and equally ruthless publicity.

"INDIAN LABOUR IN BURMA"

Need For Equitable Settlement

(By N. JOG.)

Among the many problems awaiting a satisfactory solution, before the separation of Burma becomes a "fait accompli", that of the Indian Labour in Burma is easily the most pressing. The Joint Parliamentary Committee Report does not give more than superficial consideration to this question, which affects the future of nearly a million persons. The condition of Indian labour in Burma is already very critical, and apprehensions are naturally entertained that it would be still more so under the new dispensation. "The Memorandum on Indian Labour in Burma" prepared by Mr. E. P. Pillai and Dr. Lanka Sundaram on behalf of the First All-Burma Indian Labour Conference is in this respect a very timely and valuable document.

Indo-Burman Contact.

The connections between Burma and India can be traced to hoary antiquity and for centuries Indians have been welcome in Burma. The cultural and economic bond between the two countries is thus of far longer duration than the political one, and this fact must be thoroughly recognised for a proper appreciation of the present position. Burma was tacked to India for Imperial interests with the unwilling assistance of Indians, and now when the same reasons are leading to a reversal of the process, it is but fair to insist that India should receive some return for her onerous sacrifices.

Mischievous Provision.

Recent events in Burma, however, are a pointer to something else and the recommendations of the Joint Parliamentary Committee in paras 433 and 473 of their report giving the right of "restricting or imposing conditions of entry into Burma in respect of all persons other than British subjects domiciled in the United Kingdom" to the Burma Legislature, virtually seals the fate of Indian Labour. This is evident from the implications of the very next qualifying sentence wherein the introduction of any legislation regulating immigration is made subject to the Governor's prior consent, to prevent the imposition of vexatious or unreasonable restrictions or conditions for the entry into Burma of 'Indians of good standing.' The connotations of this phrase are obvious and no parliamentary commentator is required to tell us that this phrase will always exclude Indian Labour. The Burma Labour Memorandum emphatically protests against the observations contained in these two paragraphs and brands them as "mischievous." They are already creating bad blood between the Indian and the Burman labourer.

Need For Settlement.

We do not deny the right of the Burman worker for prior consideration in his own land, nor does India want to dump unwanted labour in Burma. But the cardinal fact is, in the words of the Labour Memorandum, that "The National economy of Burma is conditioned by a continued supply of Indian labourers for a very long time to come." Burma is manifestly in need of Indian workers, both skilled and unskilled, for the development of her industries and the exploitation of her natural resources. She cannot certainly be allowed to follow the policy of keeping the cake and eating it.

The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce have in their recent statement upon the Indo-Burma Trade Convention, rightly stressed the importance of giving Indian Labour the right of free entry into Burma. A mutual adjustment of the whole question on an equitable and honourable basis and leading to the economic advantage of both the countries is urgently called for.

EDUCATION IN INDIA

Government's Main Object In Introducing Their Scheme Of Education Was To Train Men For Government Service, but The Scheme Worked As A Double-edged Weapon

By K. F. NARIMAN. I.

Over a century ago when British rule in this country was not yet sufficiently consolidated and deeply rooted, and the rulers were in a perpetual state of panic, suspense and apprehension, when every department of Government was actuated by the policy of 'Safety for Self First,' the then bureaucratic mentality devised a scheme for education in the country, quite in keeping with the unbalanced, nervous, apprehensive and extremely suspicious frame of mind. It was openly declared that the primary object in launching this scheme of education was to produce a herd of 'quill-drivers' for Government offices, to supply the necessary, cheap and workable lower staff for Government offices, to fill in places that were considered too low, not being lucrative or dignified enough, even for the members of the ruling race to occupy. Just as even to-day, in assembling a foreign machinery in this country, all the important and costly parts are imported from foreign lands, but such insignificant trifles as screws and pins, may be locally supplied, after being moulded into required shape and form, so also for this Government machinery, all the 'big bosses' were to be imported from abroad, but the lower clerical staff were to be recruited locally and it was to give effect to that economic, money-saving and facilitating device that the first idea originated of imparting some English education to a certain section that would serve that purpose.

A Double-Edged Tool

It was even then recognised that the experiment was a double-edged sword and could cut both ways. In spite of all the efforts to confine the scope of the scheme so as to serve only the original purpose and not to go beyond it, the thirst for modern knowledge once aroused, could not be easily quenched and other, and from their point of view, the more dangerous and unexpected results followed. But at the same time, the administrative need for creating a sufficiently large army of 'quill-drivers' was so great that it was decided, perhaps unwittingly and unwillingly, to try the experiment, with sufficient safeguards and precautions, to prevent the much-dreaded possibility of simultaneously creating 'political adventures' and 'agitators' in the country, by awakening and raising new ideas and aspirations in the youth of the country.

Self-Preservation

Thus, the idea of spreading education for its own sake does not seem to have occurred to them, nor such idealistic 'bunkum' as State-duty or rulers' primary responsibility, seems to have troubled them. The first and last function and obligation of the rulers was "self-preservation" and that attitude was in the circumstances, both excusable and inevitable. Self-preservation is the most compelling human instinct, and necessary safeguards are the natural and inevitable results that flow from that instinct. Elphinstone's declaration, in that respect, attempting to place this undertaking on the higher plane of duty, was ridiculed and laughed out by his official colleagues and associates.

However, it was expected that some years after, when they were more securely settled down, this nervous tension would disappear, the bureaucratic mentality would change, a broader and a more moral outlook would prevail, at least with regard to nation-building departments.

A Policy Of Distrust

This narrow and short-sighted policy is, as usual, based on the eternal distrust of the people. Just as in the case of village uplift work, so also in the case of general education, any mass activity, that may cause an awakening and rouse the conscience of the people is very much

(Continued on page 9).

Frankly Speaking

A HAPPY ELECTION

The unopposed election of Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq, M.L.A. as the first Muslim Mayor of the Calcutta Corporation will be heartily welcomed by every Indian Nationalist. It was a peaceful affair, if considered in the background of last year's incidents, and yet it did not lack public excitement and enthusiasm of the right kind. The Europeans, it should be noted not only abstained from participating in the election, because they knew that they had no chance, but even boycotted the installation ceremony—which is symbolical of their attitude towards inter-communal unity. All this demonstrates very simply and yet very clearly how potent Hindu-Muslim Unity is and how easily, almost automatically, it can achieve supposedly difficult objects. It is gratifying to note that the new Mayor rose to the occasion when replying to congratulations and if he justifies in action, the views and aspirations he expressed, Bengal and India will be only too grateful to him. The most gratifying feature of the election is the unity between the two Congress wings. If this unity is maintained in other directions also, Bengal will very soon regain her lost position of pre-eminence.

GERMAN NAVAL PROGRAMME

The "Giornale d'Italia" publishes what purports to be Germany's naval programme for 1935-36. It is alleged to be thrice as big as that of the previous year. There may be, further, more than twelve submarines, each between 400 and 500 tons. And, finally, the estimated naval strength by 1938 will be 166,000 tons besides submarines. All this might constitute a serious breach of the Versailles Treaty but no very grave situation arises out of it for the simple reason that it is merely part of the repudiation of Versailles, started by Germany some time ago. This repudiation can only be regulated, it cannot be reversed. In this connection we note that Anglo-German Naval negotiations have been postponed until after Herr Hitler has made his pronouncement on Germany's foreign policy. In a way, this is better and Herr Hitler, in the meantime, will have the benefit of British, French, Russia and Italian views on the situation he has created.

MORE SELF-CONSTITUTED TRUSTEES.

The South African Parliament is said to be considering some "far-reaching" measures to improve the lot of the natives of the country. But the measures do not seem to be quite so beneficient as they are made out to be. They certainly do not give to the natives their full legitimate rights. They may even operate in practice as segregating them, politically and economically, in their own land. One of the Bills "safeguards the rights of natives who are now entitled to vote but prohibits registration any more." If that means the end of further enfranchisement, as it seems to, it is a penalty and not a reform. Another Bill proposes to give to the natives more land in reserved area. This is but a euphemism for segregating them and restricting their rights of property. There is to be a Land Trust with the Governor-General as the Trustee. India has bitter experience of self-constituted trustees. And Indians in South Africa may well give the S. African natives the benefit of their experience.

NATIONAL FLAG & MUNICIPALITIES.

It is reported that a motion to hoist the National Flag over the Nasik municipal building was ruled out of order at a general meeting of the municipality by the Vice-President, who presided over the meeting, on the plea that it was no legitimate function of the municipality to hoist the flag. The ruling is utterly wrong and arbitrary, and as a matter of fact the National Flag or the Union Jack or both have been hoisted over many municipal buildings. The general body of the Nasik municipality should make every possible attempt to contest the Vice-President's ruling and assert its right in the matter. It is also desirable for other municipalities to assert their right to hoist the National Flag. And where they fail to do so, it is up to the public in general to remind them of their duty.

A SCANDAL.

The tendency for some municipal councillors to take undue advantage of their position by being long in arrears in respect of their own dues to the municipalities is a persistent scandal in various parts of the country. And the Bombay Municipal Corporation is doing well to take steps, whenever necessary, to put down such a practice in the City. An attempt made last year to get the names of the members in arrears published resulted in the prompt payment of all the arrears before the subject came up for final decision. Another such attempt had to be made on Tuesday, probably there being good reasons for it. Sir Phiroze Sethna went so far as to say that he would not mind if members who were in arrears for more than six months were even disqualified. Councillors should indeed set an example to the ratepayers in respect of prompt payment. If not, they should not complain if an example is made of them.

FREEDOM AND VESTED INTERESTS.

A correspondent sends us the following extract from Laski's "The State; in Theory and Practice".—

"It is worth noting, moreover, that economic imperialism offers other prospects by no means negligible in character. The requirements of trade involve a well-settled territory; and this necessitates a civil and military administration. So there have grown up the Civil Services of India, Egypt, and our African dominions to take only most notable examples, in which a large number of the sons of the middle and upper classes have found the opportunity of dignified and financially adequate careers. This development has had a number of important effects. On the one hand, it has bred a real hostility to self-government for the territories involved; for, every nationalist movement among the subject peoples necessarily attacks the foundations of a system which enables a number of young men year by year to find employment of a kind not otherwise easily open to them. On the other hand, it has involved the necessity, in these territories of adequate military occupation, itself involving further employment; for public opinion at home, naturally enough, demands proper safeguards for the security of its sons against rebellion or revolution. No one need doubt that much of this service is both necessary and valuable. But no one need doubt, either, that it creates a vested interest against progress in self-government of which the power, notably in India, has been remarkable indeed."

The extract quoted by the correspondent speaks for itself.

— PRESS VIEWS —

Congress And Socialists

The creed of the Congress and its declared policy are in serious conflict with the Socialists' demand for elimination of the Princes and the land-lords and the money-lenders without compensation. The Congress would rejoice if it be possible to liquidate the huge agricultural indebtedness without sacrificing the interest of other people. The Congress has not encouraged or accepted the programme of the Socialists but it is likely to appeal to the masses. How long the Congress will be able to stick to its present policy of reconciling different interests, as far as possible, and of avoiding any sudden and revolutionary change in the socio-economic structure of society it is difficult to predict. Economic and social forces that help to shape and guide the destiny of nations may become too powerful ere long to be amenable to the control of the Congress.—"Advance."

Bad Tactics

Mr. Gadgil's resolution on Indian State subjects at the All-India Congress Committee, gave both Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant an opportunity to define Congress policy in the matter, without any possibility of misunderstanding. The Congress has approved of the Federal ideal but to expect it to make of every grievance of a few people in a petty State a "casus belli" with the Rulers of the State is to expect it to dissipate its energies in a hundred different directions without any tangible result. The Congress has its hands full, and if it achieves freedom for British India, it would have automatically achieved freedom for the subjects of Indian States as well. Some of the Indian Princes are as good patriots as any to be found in British India and it will be bad tactics for the Congress to alienate their sympathies in the uphill task in which they are engaged.—"Hindustan Times."

BELIEVE IT OR NOT.

The "Evening News of India" accuses the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee of being "a responsible body."

* * * *

The Hindu Mahasabha is holding tournaments in Ajmer, says a report.

An idea has been vouchsafed to us. We suggest that the Hindu Mahasabha and the Muslim Conference should hold—under the vigilant patronage of the Police and the Military—a joint tournament. And the various interesting items of competitive prowess, physical and lingual, should be fittingly wound up with an exhibition three-legged race to be run backwards by Bhai Parmananda and Moulvi Sir Mahomed Yakub.

* * * *

THAT PICTURE.

The Prime Minister's procession on Jubilee day will include Dominion Premiers with their wives and Sir Joseph and Lady Bhore.

India will naturally feel honoured at this equality in processional status.

AND THIS.

According to another report, the international situation was informally discussed in the Prime Minister's room for an hour and half. Those present were some British Ministers and Dominion Premiers. India was not represented.

We wonder if the distinction between the two pictures and their implications can strike that great constitutional expert and alleged Indian Dicey, Moulvi Sir Md. Yakub.

* * * *

Yes, Moulvi Sir Md. Yakub is a constitutional expert, although to compare him to Dicey or Keith would not be fair to—well, never mind whom. The point is that he is a constitutional expert; but with a difference. He repeats parrot-like, constitutional cliches from Bagehot Dicey, etc. and omits to see that he is confusing the Indian "Constitution" (!) with the British. But the omission, we fear, is not culpable.

By the way, our Junior Colleague asks who and what are Bagehot, Dicey, Keith, etc., but we simply cannot ask Sir Md. Yakub to oblige.

* * * *

Sir Mahomed Yakub says: "Inspite of the provoking insults which he (Mr. Jinnah), receives from the Congress Press every day his (Mr. Jinnah's, of course) patriotic attitude in the last session of the Legislative Assembly is worthy of the highest appreciation."

And, our Junior Colleague—the fellow's irrepressible inquisitiveness is really a nuisance—now wants to know how Sir Md. Yakub would characterise his own attitude of consistent opposition to Mr. Jinnah and what it is worthy of.

We, of course, called upon the nuisance to shut up.

* * * *

Went To Settle Marriage.
Lost Life By Electrocution.
—Headline.

Thought The Better Of It, Found The Easier Way Out.

* * * *

He: "I say, darling, isn't it time baby said 'Daddy'?"

She: "No, dear, I've decided not to tell him who you are until he gets stronger."

Uma Nehru Decides To Withdraw

Would Facilitate Pandit Malaviya's Entry Into Assembly If He Chose

BENARES, May 1.

A settlement has been reached regarding the Benares-Gorakhpur seat in the Assembly. It has been agreed that Mrs. Uma Nehru should withdraw enabling Krishnakant Malaviya being returned unopposed. If Pandit Malaviya intends to enter the Assembly Krishnakant Malaviya will resign in his favour and it would not be necessary for any sitting Congress member to withdraw from the Assembly for the purpose.

Mrs. Uma Nehru's letter of withdrawal was handed to Mr. Govind Malaviya this evening.

A statement by Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, President of the U. P. Congress Parliamentary Board, with the approval of Pandit Malaviya is being issued.—A. P.

PANT'S STATEMENT

BENARES, May 1.

Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, President of the U. P. Congress Parliamentary Board, has issued the following statement with the approval of Pandit Malaviya regarding the Benares-Gorakhpur seat:

WHY SETTLEMENT WAS REACHED

"Yesterday being the last day for filing of nomination papers for the Benares-Gorakhpur constituency of the Assembly Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant and Mr. Mohanlal Saxena saw Pandit Malaviya this morning and had a long conversation with him and Mr. Krishnakant Malaviya. Pandit Malaviya did not consider it proper that he should agree to be nominated for this seat. He expressed the view that in the circumstances of the case Mr. Krishnakant Malaviya should be enabled to go unopposed. Pandit Malaviya has not at any time suggested that any sitting member should vacate his seat in favour of himself but in view of the general feeling that Pandit Malaviya should enter the Assembly, it was agreed that if Pandit Malaviya decided later to join the Assembly and there was no other seat vacant at that time, Mr. Krishnakant Malaviya should vacate his seat for Pandit Malaviya.

It was accordingly agreed that Mrs. Uma Nehru should withdraw from the contest to ensure Mr. Krishnakant Malaviya being returned unopposed, so that if Pandit Malaviya decided to join the Assembly later, Mr. Krishnakant Malaviya may resign this seat in order to make room for Panditji and it may no longer be necessary for any of the sitting Congress members to withdraw from the Assembly for this purpose."—A. P.

YUNNANFU EVACUATED

Sequel To Imminent Approach Of "Red" Forces

PEIPING, May 1.

All foreign women and children resident in Yunnanfu have been evacuated with a view to the approach of the Communist forces which are only 15 miles away with the Government troops close on their rear.—Reuter's Special.

SITTING OF ARMS COMMISSION

Effectively Control Or Make It State Monopoly, Says Lord Cecil

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 1.

Only a score of spectators were present at the first sitting of the Royal Commission on the private manufacture arms held at the Middlesex Guildhall under the chairmanship of Sir John Eldonbankes, who explained the procedure of the commission.

The first witness was Viscount Cecil who outlined the attitude of the League of Nations Union, said that the members believed that the manufacture and sale of armaments should be a state monopoly or be subject to effective control.

500 "REDS" ARRESTED

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

VIENNA, May 1.

The police arrested 500 Communists in the capital to-day as the consequence of a bomb outrage yesterday night at the Brigittenau suburb.

The bomb exploded outside the police station seriously wounding four persons.

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U. S. RESPECTS TREATIES

Military Committee Chairman's Reply To Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, May 1

"Full blame" for the publication of the testimony before the Military Committee which prompted President Roosevelt's action has been taken by Mr. Mcswaine, the Committee's Chairman, who promises to reply to the Presidents' communication and adds "I concur cordially and sincerely with the resident in his desire to live up to the letter of the spirit of any treaty we now have with Canada or any other nation".—Reuter

EIGHT BENGALIS SENT TO JAIL

Judgment In Supplementary Conspiracy Case

SURI (Birbhum), May 1

Eight Bengalis have been sentenced to terms of rigorous imprisonment varying from two to four years by the Special Magistrate in what is known as the "Supplementary Conspiracy Case." One of the accused was acquitted, while the approver was granted pardon.

In the course of his argument the Public Prosecutor claimed that it had been conclusively proved from the evidence as well as the confessions of certain of the accused persons that the men on trial were guilty of a widespread conspiracy, which aimed at overthrowing the Government, as also of several over acts perpetrated in furtherance of their common object. He added that they were known as "Swadeshi Babus" and were closely associated with the two ringleaders of the inter-provincial conspiracy, who were sentenced to transportation for 12 years by a special tribunal to-day at Alipore.—A. P

AERODROME FOR MIDNAPORE

Site Selected In Khas Jangal Village

MIDNAPORE, MAY 1

It is understood that the Government have finally decided to build an aerodrome at Midnapore and the plan for it is almost complete. The site selected is in village Khas Jangal in the district of Midnapore where a piece of land comprising several plots of cadastral survey and measuring about 28 acres, is going to be acquired.

It is further learnt that the Government have authorised its officers to survey the land and do all other acts required for the purpose

This is the first mofussil town in Bengal where the Government are constructing an aerodrome.—United Press

New Principal Of Royal College Of Arts

(Special Cable)

LONDON May 1

Mr. Percy Hague Jowett Principal of the I. C. C Central School of Arts and Crafts succeeds Sir William Rothenstein as principal of the Royal College of Art.

INTER-SCIENCE RESULTS

J. A. Patel Secures Gibbs Prize

The following are the results of the Intermediate Science Examination, held in March:

First Class

Nos. 154 205 434 685 1008 1127 1185 1253 1344 1634.

Second Class

Nos. 4 5 6 9 15 21 22 24 25 26 33 55 61 69 84 97 101 120 136 148 156 158 162 188 198 206 214 218 241 244 259 260 273 286 294 304 307 308 312 313 322 323 342 350 362 393 428 445 452 454457 476 495 501 523 532 534 540 545 550 553 567 569 607 641 652 655 662 670 689 693 696 697 701 710 713 718 719 726 727 730 733 756 778 794 797 801 804 805 809 839 846 891 925 926 936 938 989 1018 1020 1029 1034 1050 1054 1065 1068 1080 1086 1098 1099 1102 1106 1108 1112 1116 1120 1124 1143 1171 1177 1208 1209 1224 1226 1243 1252 1258 1263 1268 1280 1293 1294 1298 1300 1309 1310 1311 1313 1333 1334 1345 1349 1379 1383 1386 1413 1416 1428 1431 1437 1439 1480 1496 1533 1548 1550 1555 1576 1609 1611 1624 1626 1631 1660 1677 1701 1716 1723 1736 1740 1750 1754 1755 1758 1773 1774.

Pass.

Nos. 1 3 8 10 11 12 17 18 19 23 28 30 32 36 45 46 53 54 63 64 67 68 73 79 80 82 85 88 89 90 91 93 95 96 100 102 103 104 109 111 112 114 119 121 123 124 125 126 128 129 130 132 135 139 142 143 144 149 151 152 160 165 168 169 172 177 185 187 190 192 193 194 197 200 201 202 208 209 210 219 220 224 225 228 229 232 234 238 240 245 251 253 255 256 262 266 268 272 275 276 277 280 284 285 293 296 297 299 300 301 303 310 311 314 332 335 339 346 348 349 352 353 356 359 360 364 374 375 377 378 381 383 384 387 390 394 395 397 398 403 408 410 411 413 414 418 421 423 425 433 437 438 440 444 448 453 456 458 459 461 469 470 475 478 480 483 484 485 486 497 499 504 508 509 512 522 524 525 526 528 531 535 536 537 538 541 544 549 558 560 561 563 565 573 574 576 578 579 588 591 602 605 610 611 616 618 620 621 622 626 631 632 633 638 645 650 654 657 659 660 668 669 672 675 676 680 681 683 687 688 698 699 700 705 708 709 711 715 717 720 722 728 729 734 735 736 737 740 743 748 749 750 751 754 758 762 765 773 776 779 780 782 783 784 785 798 802 803 808 812 818 825 826 828 829 832 840 842 855 860 867 872 874 875 877 879 885 888 893 894 896 901 910 916 921 931 942 954 963 994 1009 1014 1037 1039 1043 1045 1046 1051 1053 1055 1064 1066 1071 1073 1075 1082 1083 1084 1093 1095 1101 1109 1111 1115 1121 1125 1126 1128 1129 1134 1136 1152 1153 1155 1162 1164 1168 1172 1182 1186 1188 1201 1205 1212 1214 1215 1218 1219 1222 1225 1230 1234 1235 1237 1242 1244 1245 1253 1254 1256 1259 1266 1269 1270 1271 1272 1273 1276 1278 1279 1283 1285 1287 1288 1289 1290 1297 1301 1305 1306 1307 1312 1315 1317 1325 1332 1336 1338 1339 1348 1350 1352 1353 1356 1363 1366 1368 1369 1372 1374 1376 1377 1378 1380 1381 1385 1397 1389 1390 1392 1405 1406 1408 1410 1414 1417 1419 1421 1424 1425 1429 1435 1438 1440 1443 1444 1447 1448 1451 1452 1453 1454 1455 1460 1472 1475 1476 1477 1483 1484 1500 1508 1511 1514 1517 1521 1522 1523 1526 1527 1528 1530 1536 1537 1540 1544 1546 1547 1552 1554 1556 1557 1560 1563 1566 1567 1568 1573 1575 1580 1587 1593 1594 1596 1598 1599 1607 1608 1612 1613 1616 1619 1620 1625 1628 1629 1635 1637 1638 1639 1641 1646 1647 1648 1652 1653 1659 1661 1662 1663 1668 1669 1676 1679 1689 1693 1695 1702 1708 1709 1715 1717 1719 1729 1732 1734 1735 1741 1744 1745 1746 1748 1749 1760 1764 1765 1768 1769 1776 1777 1778.

SCHOLARSHIPS

The Scholarships and Prizes have been awarded as under:—

The Gibbs Prize—To J. A. Patel.

The Mrs. Satyawati Lallubhai Samaldas Scholarship—To Miss P. G. Bhate.

The Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit Medical Scholarship—To Miss S. C. Pandya.

The Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit (First Baronet) Science Scholarship—To M. P. Sathaye.

The Byramji Nusserwanji Koyaji Scholarship and Silver Medal—To F. B. Laher.

Supplementary List

The following is the Supplementary List of Successful Candidates:—

Second Class

Nos. 949, 1167, 1308.

Pass

Nos. 270, 371, 482, 943, 1147, 1328, 1688, 1699.

The following unsuccessful candidates are entitled to keep terms for the B.Sc. Examination:—

Nos. 14, 146, 242, 250, 278, 324, 340, 344, 355, 357, 370, 439, 442, 460, 488, 513, 599, 799, 800, 835, 838, 848, 905, 929, 932, 956, 957, 1006, 1019, 1032, 1038, 1049, 1151, 1158, 1228, 1320 1322 1326 1335 1341 1457 1513 1583, 1640, 1682, 1692, 1704, 1705, 1707, 1728, 1780.

Scholarships

The Noormahomed Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy and the Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed Scholarships have been awarded to A. S. Sewjee.

PREMIER'S ARTICLE ECHO IN COMMONS

It Represents Govt.'s View, Says MacDonald

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 1.

Reaction to Premier MacDonald's articles in the "Newsletter" occurred in the Commons when the Labourite Mr. Morgan Jones asked whether it represented the policy of the Government.

The Premier replied that the Government views on the effect of Germany's re-armament had been expressed at Stresa and Geneva and indicated in the Commons by Sir J. Simon himself. His "Newsletter" article was substantially on the lines of those statements and represented the view of the Government.

INTERNATIONAL SITUATION DISCUSSED

British And Dominion Ministers Exchange Views

LONDON, April 30.

The international situation was informally discussed at meeting, which lasted for an hour and a half, in the Prime Minister's room in the House of Commons this afternoon. It was attended by Mr. MacDonald, Sir John Simon, Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Neville Chamberlain Mr. Thomas, Sir P Cunliffe-Lister and the Prime Ministers of Canada, Australia and South Africa. The last named was accompanied by Mr. Patrick Duncan, South African Minister of Mines.

After tea, according to an official 'communique," 'there was informal talk on the present international situation, in the course of which the Prime Minister and the Foreign Secretary gave an account of the recent conversations and conferences with European States."

It is understood that Sir John Simon gave an account of the events of the last two or three months, covering the Anglo-French conversations in February the German declaration of conscription, his and Mr. Eden's visits, the Stresa Conference and the meeting of the League Council at Geneva.

Mr. MacDonald also participated in the talks and the policy of the United Kingdom's Government throughout these events was sketched. It is fathered that the talks were entirely confined to international affairs and consisted very largely in the Dominions' Prime Ministers asking for and receiving information.

There will be a further meeting of Prime Ministers to discuss the international situation, but no date has yet been fixed.—Reuter.

FULL REHEARSAL OF JUBILEE PROCESSION

All Arrangements Carried Out Smoothly Under Watchful Eyes Of Police

(Special Cable)

LONDON, May 1.

A full rehearsal of the Jubilee procession was staged early this morning and was watched and carefully timed by the police.

The whole route was closed to traffic, and early arrivals City were surprised to find trams and buses diverted into alternative routes.

The arrangements were carried out very smoothly.

Other carriages, cavalcade riders and vehicles passed through the strangely quiet streets. A coach drawn by the famous Windsor greys represented Their Majesty's carriage. Attention was paid to the merest detail.

Fifty officials stood on the steps of the St. Paul's watching the rehearsal. Uniformed police were on duty all along the route, and police cars fitted with wireless, kept in touch with the Scotland Yard, and toured the route.

The arrangements had been prepared after consultation by the officials of the Scotland Yard City Police and the Metropolitan Police of the London Transport.

The whole area within the route will be closed to traffic from 8 A M to 1-30 P M on Monday, and traffic will be diverted or turned back accordingly.

KING VISITS DUKE OF CONNAUGHT

To Congratulate Him On 85th Birthday

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 1.

His Majesty drove out from the Ex-Buckingham palace to the Clarence House to congratulate his uncle, the Duke of Connaught who is 85 to-day.

SECURITY DEMANDED FROM PUBLISHER

Karachi Firing Echo In Madras

MADRAS, May 1.

The Government of Madras served on Abdul Latif Farokh a notice under the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act requiring him as the publisher of "Azad Hind" (an Urdu daily of Madras) to deposit with the Chief Presidency Magistrate a security of a thousand rupees in respect of an article published in the issue of the paper of March 23 regarding the Karachi firing.—A. P

STRAUSS MANAGER LEAVES £5,500

(Special Cable)

LONDON May 1

The late Mr. Whitehouse of the Strauss Company left £5,500 in England and died intestate.

HOW EUROPE PREPARES FOR MAY DAY

Elaborate Police Precautions Against Communist Disturbances

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 30.

May Day preparations have inspired elaborate police precautions against Communist disturbances in the various European capitals.

While thousands of latest Soviet planes will fly over the Red Square in Moscow, Paris police will watch from aircraft for prohibited assemblies, including Socialist Trades Union Federations, whose mass meetings have been banned.

MOSCOW:—The tallest building has been plastered with the words biggest photograph enlargement of a 70-feet portrait of Stalin.

BUDAPEST:—Eighteen Communists were arrested on suspicion of plotting surprise attacks on the public buildings tomorrow.

BERLIN:—A million demonstrators are expected at "parc Templehof" to be addressed by Herr Hitler, who will possibly make an important reference to his foreign policy.

"SPY" PLANE NOT FORCED DOWN

Rome Official Circles Deny Story

ROME, April 30.

Official circles deny the story that a German aeroplane was forced down at Sesto Calende and it is suggested if that is true it would lead to complications with Germany.

A Reuter's correspondent toured Sesto Calende in the evening and heard the story of the plane from at least six respectable citizens.

It is not considered in the town that there is any confusion with the story of the Swiss aeroplane which official quarters in Rome state lost its way in the district some weeks ago, and whose occupants were detained.—Reuter.

NO MORE DEVALUATION OF DOLLAR

Measure Will Not Be Used To Restore Prices

(Special Cable)

NEW YORK, May 1.

An appeal to the Administration to postpone the reform measures in the interest of speedy recovery was made by Mr. Harriman, President of the Chamber of Commerce, addressing the 23rd Annual Convention.

Among the chief platforms for recovery, Mr. Harriman advocated international stabilisation of the currency as early as possible, and gave a strong assurance that further devaluation of the dollar won't be used as a measure to restore the prices.

PASSIVE LIGHT STRIKE

Viennese Boycott Municipal Electric Supply

VIENNA April 30.

The Left-wingers have called a passive light strike to boycott the Municipal electricity plant, by refraining to use household current.

The Government has retaliated by ordering public buildings to be floodlit.—Reuter.

FIREMEN FIGHT BLAZE IN SHIP

(Special Cable)

LONDON April 30

On the eve of being launched to-day fire broke out in one of the holds of Brooklebank twinscrew vessel "Marwarri" just completed in the Port of Glasgow.

Firemen fought the blaze throughout the night. Plates became redhot and buckle holes had to be burned at the ship's bottom to allow the vast quantity pumped in water to escape. Otherwise there was the danger that the weight of water might break the liner's back

The fight with flames was conducted with extreme difficulty. One fireman was overcome with fumes and was almost suffocated.

It is believed that the outbreak was due to gas welder igniting an insulating cork. The fire was now practically controlled but still it is smouldering

DR. HARDIKAR FOR BANGALORE

BANGALORE, May 1.

Dr. N. S. Hardikar will be arriving here in a few days in connection with the arrival of Babu Rejendra Prasad, the Congress President on May 7 and his tour in Karnatak.—United Press.

Put A Barrier Between Agents And Ballot-Clerk

Judge's Suggestion To Corporation In Constructing Election Booth

That lawlessness prevailed in the recent City Municipal elections and that as they were conducted they violated the principles laid down in the election rules was the main point that was brought into relief when the hearing of the election-petition filed by Kanji Udeshi was resumed by the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court on Wednesday.

The Chief Judge, Mr. A. A. Chittre, suggested that at the Election booths there should be a barrier between the candidates' agents and the ballot clerk, which the former should not be allowed to cross.

The petitioner is a defeated candidate from the 'B' (Mandvi) Ward and prays in his petition that the Election should be declared null and void in view of the allegations that corruption, impersonation, and intimidation were freely resorted to during the recent City Municipal Elections.

500 AGENTS IN ENCLOSURE.

Mr. Abdul Karim Haji Ismail Lakhani, another defeated candidate from the same ward, deposed that there were about 500 agents in the enclosure, some with badges and some without. Contrary to the election rules, more than one voter was allowed into the booth at a time.

Selling of ballot cards was in full swing outside. Some of the people even came to the witness offering to sell their votes while he was going to his tent.

VOTES FOR SALE?

Court: Did you care to satisfy yourself whether they were genuinely offering their votes for sale?

Witness: I never cared to cut even that joke. I feared I might come into trouble.

Court: Did you see any transaction going on actually?

Witness: I haven't seen personally, but my supporters gave me reports from time to time as to how votes were being sold outside.

VOTES OF PATHANS QUESTIONED.

Cross-examined, witness said he saw the same Pathans coming again and again. Most of the Pathans in the locality had no votes at all.

Question: Did you advise your voters to refer the matter of impersonation to the Commissioner?

Witness: Myself and my workers thought about the matter. It is a tedious business. The voters who were busy otherwise, we thought, would not be prepared to waste their time over this and so we dropped it.

NONE TO CHECK PEOPLE.

Continuing the witness said that there were two kinds of workers who help a candidate, the agents and the volunteers. The former had a right to enter the enclosure while the latter had not. But there was nobody to check people from entering the enclosure.

It was at this stage that the Chief Judge remarked that there should be a barrier between the ballot-clerk and the agents which the latter should not be allowed to cross.

Counsel for the Municipality said that they would put the suggestion before the Commissioner.

Then the Judge remarked that it was not merely a suggestion but he would give a direction also, if he would find it necessary after hearing the whole case.

"FARCE IN THE DRAMA."

Mr. Shivdas Choksi Thakkar, another defeated candidate from the same ward and a corporator for 12 years previous, corroborated the evidence of the previous witness and characterised the recent election as a "farce in the drama". He simply pitied the municipal officers for their helplessness.

Further hearing was adjourned to May 10.

Mr. H. R. Pardiwalla, Bar-at-Law, instructed by Mr. D. F. Jafferabadwalla appeared for the petitioner; Mr. Clubwalla represented the Municipal Commissioner; Messrs. Davar, Samson, Nicholson, Mehta, Muzumdar, Varde etc., appeared for the respondents.

SEAS TO BE LINKED BY SOVIET PLAN

Great Programme Progressing; Scope Almost Equal To Work At Panama

MOSCOW, (By Mail).

A waterway programme which eventually will make the Soviet capital a port with ship connections to five seas is now being carried out by the Soviet government.

The first link in this programme is the Moscow-Volga canal on which work is already progressing.

This canal, according to the official statistics, is the second largest project of its kind in the world, being surpassed only by the Panama canal. Fully 135,000,000 cubic meters of earth must be excavated and 2,900,000 cubic meters of concrete poured during its construction. The waterway will be more than 16 feet deep and nearly 300 feet wide.

When completed in 1937 it will link the Caspian, Baltic, and White seas by means of the Moscow, Volga, and other rivers.

The second project is the Volga-Don canal which will be linked up with the Moscow-Volga system. When the entire programme is completed vessels may go from the Soviet capital to the Caspian, Black, Azov, Baltic, and White seas.

SIR AUREL STEIN HONOURED

(Special Cable)

LONDON, May 1.

The gold medal of the Society of Antiquaries was presented to Sir Aurel Stein.

POLICE RAID T. S. LIBRARY

Communist And Socialist Literature Seized

MADRAS, May 1.

A sudden raid was carried out by the police on the Theosophical Society Library and Theosophical Publishing House at Adyar last night, says a report coming from that place.

About 150 books and Socialist and Communist literature were seized, continues the report; and the police are hunting for more, it adds.—United Press.

Sir C. P. To Unveil Mysore Dewans' Portraits

BANGALORE, May 1.

Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer who is in Simla now, will be visiting Bangalore on his way back from there and will unveil the portraits of late Sir K. Sheshadri Iyer and late Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao Dewans of Mysore in the Shanker Muth Hall.—United Press.

Rawalpindi Muslims To Boycott Jubilee

RAWALPINDI, April 30.

Several important resolutions including the boycott of the Silver Jubilee celebrations were adopted at a public meeting of the Muslims of Rawalpindi held in the Juma Mosque under the auspices of the Majlis-i-Ahrar, Rawalpindi, with Maulana Hussan Baksh in the chair.—United Press.

In the Scottish League, First Division, Rangers lost to queens-park, 0/1.

SWADESHI MOSQUITO CURTAINS

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Implications Of Ajra Commission's Report

A MESSAGE OF HOPE FOR PEOPLE OF SMALL STATES

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—To the student of the problems of the Indian States the report on the Ajra tragedy and the orders of His Highness the Maharaja of Kolhapur on it are documents of considerable interest and importance. They shed light on the relations between the Suzerain State and the Jhagirdars and the extent to which the former can interfere in the internal administration of the latter. When analysed these documents postulate the following propositions:—

1. That the people residing in the Jhagirs are the subjects of His Highness the Maharaja.

2. That it is only for the purposes of convenience that the Jhagirdars are permitted to exercise certain revenue, judicial and administrative powers.

3. That the Jhagirdars are merely the intermediate guardians of His Highness's subjects and carry out only delegated responsibilities.

4. That in cases in which Jhagir officers fail in the proper discharge of their duties they are liable to be punished by His Highness.

5. That His Highness can insist that appointments to posts in Jhagirs be made with his previous sanction.

6. That His Highness can order the withdrawal of criminal cases pending in Jhagir courts when their prosecution is inexpedient in the interest of justice.

People residing in Jhagirs will welcome this declaration. Now at last they know that they are subjects —not of a petty chieftain but of a big State; that when justly and genuinely aggrieved they can successfully invoke the impartial authority of the Suzerain. Now the great men in little principalities will realise that the vigilant eyes of the Suzerains are scrutinising their actions. Jhagirdars, who are apt to play at rulers with complete independence in their internal administration, will know who they are and where they stand.

I held a high office in a State and so I am familiar with the ways of these little gods who delight in describing themselves as "Chiefs". I know one whose passion in life was the "Shikar". Most of the male adult population of his Jhagir had to gratify his passion by turning into unpaid beaters. I know of another whose weakness was the fair sex. All the eligible maidens in his 'State' were in constant dread of the army of pimps in his employ. Another one was fond of expensive cars. He turned every one of his officers into a tout. They sold justice. Their master bought cars. It is unnecessary to multiply instances. Officers in not a few of these small Jhagirs are ill-paid, unqualified, inefficient and corrupt-chosen because they are favourites. They live in small places for a long time. They are "approachable" to their friends who poison their mind and grease their palms. In short justice, especially to the poor, who cannot afford to buy it, is denied. Such unfortunate people residing in Jhagirs will hail the Surve-Russel Commission Report as the Magna Charta of their rights and bless His Highness the Maharaja for the stern justice that he so fearlessly meted out.—Yours, etc.

N. G. D.

Kolhapur, April 30.

Achievement ... Of Congress Party

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The newly constituted All-India Congress Committee which met at Jubbulpore last week adopted Sjt. C. Rajagopalachari's resolution congratulating the Congress party on its work in the Legislative Assembly. The resolution met with stubborn opposition from the Socialist group but Rajaji's "reasoned eloquence' cogently refuted the arguments of the Socialist. The resolution was carried by a majority of 29 votes against 12 votes inspite of the Aseembly members remaining neutral. The country approves the work of the Congress party and this should prompt the Congress party to be more aggressive in its future plans. The work of the Congress party was far more satisfactory looking to the number of the Congress members—44 in a body of 145. It was by a policy of wise co-operation and conciliation that the Congress party succeeded so well. Reviewing the work of the Assembly Session, Mr. Jinnah, some days back, remarked that by the time the Session ended, the Government had not a friend left in the house. We have here the complete vindication of the merit of Congress leadership. The Congress party has effectively isolated the Government from the Legislature and the position would be completely altered and tension heightened if the spirit of the Congress finds reflection within the executive itself.—Yours, etc.,

KANTILAL D. KORA.

An Appeal To Employers

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir, As the Gujarat Depressed Classes have decided to hold a public "Thanksgiving function," on 6th May, in Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, between 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. I make an appeal to the members of the above committees who have "Surty' servants in their services, to be kind enough to allow their servants of this community, to join and attend the Silver Jubilee Celebration function, and to enable them to do so, I request them to kindly give them leave from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.—Yours, etc.

P. G. SOLANKI,
M.L.C., J.P. L M & S

Bombay, May 1.

Silver Jubilee Celebrations And The Court Of Small Causes

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—May I take this opportunity to ventilate a long-standing grievance of the members of the Bar of the Small Causes Court and the litigating public having suits to attend to, in that Court.

Whereas the whole of Bombay enjoys a half holiday on every Saturday, the learned judges at the Small Causes Court deem it fit to hold their Courts for the whole day on Saturdays even. Let it not be understood, Sir, that the learned judges work for full six days in a week. All the judges of this Court enjoy besides the Sundays, an extra off-day. The different judges have allocated to themselves a fixed day as an off-day in a week, suitable to their own convenience. Such is the very old practice that obtains in this Court and has been scrupulously preserved till to-day. Although a practice of about 80 years standing available to the litigating public of securing to themselves the services of the lawyers by a Vakalatnama without any stamp duty has been done away with recently, the practice of off-days has outlived all the representations to the authorities concerned.

May I point out, Sir, that the office staff of this Court made certain representations for declaring Saturdays as half holiday for them and for them Saturday has been declared as a half holiday. But it is very noteworthy that even recently representations by the Advocates' Association of the Small Causes Court, to the learned Chief Judge for arranging a common off-day for all the learned judges on Saturdays has been turned down. May I, Sir, put a straight question why the convenience of the sitting judges of this Court should outbalance the abnormal inconvenience and hardship of the members of the Bar as well as the litigating public?

Now on Saturday the 4th instant the Silver Jubilee Celebrations commence in the City of Bombay on a grand scale. There is, no doubt, the public of Bombay is eager to participate in these Silver Jubilee Celebrations. The Silver Jubilee Committee has fixed the gorgeous Motor Parade in the afternoon on Saturday, the 4th instant, under a correct impression that Saturday is bound to be a half holiday in all official as well as commercial circles. Probably the Committee may not be aware of the aforesaid extra-ordinary state of affairs prevailing in the Court of Small Causes where tehe convenience of the litigating public and scores of legal practitioners is at a discount with the learned judges of this Court. I shall, therefore, thaenk you, Sir to take up this question and render valuable services to the public.—Yours, etc.,

J. S. CHINIWALA.

Bombay, May 1.

UNIVERSITY FOR PHYSICAL CULTURE

Rajen Babu Pays Tribute To Hanuman Mandal

AMRAOTI, May 1.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, arrived here yesterday noon.

He performed the unveiling ceremony of the portrait of Gandhiji in the Hanuman Vigargam Mandal.

Mr. Harihar Rao Deshpande, surveying the Mandal's work, said that it had 352 branches in 36 districts, of 6 British Indian provinces and 9 States, where over 21,000 youths were being trained daily According to the report of 1929, the Mandal is aspiring to build a cosmopolitan University for Physical Culture, for which the Mandal is sending members to foreign countries for training.

RAJEN BABU COMPLAINTS

Babu Rajendra Prasad, after unveiling Gandhiji's portrait delivered a speech in appreciation of the work of the Mandal and said: "The repuetation of the Mandal which I heard had created already high appreciation, which on my personal observation multiplies manifold."

The Congress President congratulated the Mandal for sending trainers to distant provinces like Bengal, Bihar and believed that the Mandal was serving the need of the country. When Mahatmaji himself had blessed the Mandal by opening the Mandal's Bhavan, certainly the Mandal's work must be going on the right directions.

He advised the opening of a branch for girls for physical training.—United Press.

MORE ADMISSIONS TO LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY

Executive Committee Approves Dr. Birbal's Scheme

LUCKNOW, April 30

The Lucknow University authorities have decided to overhaul their system of admission to the University, so as to enable more students to get their admission into the various faculties of the university.

It may be recalled that last year, as many as 64 students were refused admission only in the Biology gfoup. The executive committee of the University, at its last meeting, approved a scheme which will allow as many as 72 students to be admitted in the Biology class alone. The scheme was put forward by Dr. Birbal Sahini, Dean of the faculty of Science, and was approved by a committee consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and the heads of the departments concerned. The question of restricting admissions to certain faculties such as Law, Science, Commerce and medicine was also considered by the meeting which laid down the limits of admission to these faculties.—United Press

"Youths Must Carry Torch Of Progress"

(Continued from page 1)

in a sate of flux and would exist so long as it could continuously create and recreate itself. When it became static it would be dead. The same was the case with humanity, civilisation and all human institutions.

Referring to the communal question, he ascribed the failure of negotiations for unity to the attempt to mix up the whole issue with tradition. "We are taking several things for granted as the basic facts which must remain unalterable. We are taking for granted that it is necessary and inevitable for humanity to live in water-tight compartments, labelled as religions, whose main differences are not necessarily their systems of ethics but their dogmas regarding beliefs in God or a future life, even the existence of which is highly improbable."

"Let us realise that these compartments are accidental forms which humanity has imposed on itself and if we attempt to solve the communal problem taking only one common humanity for granted and I feel that the communal problem will no longer be a problem.

The speaker criticised the scheme of Village Industries and opined that it was bound to prove futile so long as the country did not realise that the root cause of poverty was the capitalist frame work of society.

PLEA FOR WOMEN'S RIGHTS

The speaker put forth an eloquent plea on behalf of the rights and economic independence of women and observed, "So long as society continues to exist in a form where exploitation is considered natural and possession necessary, women will continue to be the playthings and purveyors of man's pleasures."

He warned that no institution should be built on the assumption of eternal verities for there were according to the speaker, no verities, that were eternal. "Truth is always bounded by the limits of our knowledge or the depths of our ignorance and must, therefore have a different connotation for every age."

GLORIOUS ADVENTURE

Exhorting the youth of India to bring about a new order of society, Mr. Tricumdas said, "It is the youth in every nation that has striven and fought. Will Indian youth lag behind. To those alone who dare, life is a glorious adventure; to those who seek the shaded paths it is a sordid meaningless affair."

President's Address

Mr. Achut Patwardhan in the course of his presidential address made a critical examination of the institutional basis of the present society.

He began by saying that the third decade of the 20th century was not exactly pleasant to be young in. The country had had a mighty mass movement for political emancipation and had watched a heroic effort at social emancipation. Both these movements did not seem to have won any conclusive victory. They had only intensified the general sense of apathy and frustration. The economic situation, continued the speaker, was worsening day by day and engendering a sense of deep insecurity.

DEEP-ROOTED SCEPTICISM.

What were the causes of this deep-rooted scepticism? There was a constant realisation that the old life-values which served the past generation well enough had lost all meaning for the present one. Religion had come into conflict with the instinctive sense of justice in so far as it had tried to sanctify the cruelty of the few against the many.

The most disturbing factor in our social life was the economic situation. Idealist pretensions had everywhere worm thin exposing the sheer poverty of constractive imagination and in every sphere of life make-shift adjustments and high-sounding opportunism were taking the place of commonly accepted postulates. Was it anybody's fault that the present generation had lost the quality of reverence? The old incentives had no appeal and there was no certainty about new ones.

NOT AN EASY TASK.

"When we are deepiy dissatisfied with life," continued the speaker "it is necessary to examine much that is usually taken for granted, and reconstruct in our mind the rational basis of social relationship. In this process, much that is dear to the older generation must be discarded and, therefore, the task is not an easy one to face."

A preliminary fact which characterised the older outlook towards social problems was the exaggerated importance attached to "order". There was a tacit assumption that order was the highest good in society.

"ORDER" LOSES RESPECT.

"I should like to state clearly that though order is the essential condition of society it is not an absolute ideal. It is only subordinate to the instrument of justice and harmony. Where it conflicts with those, it does not deserve to be respected."

PENALISE INEQUALITY.

Dealing with the problem of caste particularism, Mr. Patwardhan observed that caste was mainly the cause of the present weakness and the incapacity of Indians to concentrate their resources for the tasks that faced the country. In terms of social well-being, the denial of civic equality and liberty to a group of men and women must be forthwith exposed and penalised.

UNFAILING FRIEND.

"Instead of that," he added, "the older men in our society, barring a few honourable exceptions, make this fight of the Harijans increasingly a matter of charity. We have no use for a well-meaning charity which carries with it a denial of fundamental rights. Youth must assume the responsibility for eliminating this injustice and resting to our brethren their just place of equality within the framework of our society. Thanks to Gandhiji's efforts much has been attempted during recent years. But it is the duty of youth to consolidate with perseverance the progress made by Gandhiji's heroic sacrifices. Though there is much in his programme that fails to convince the sceptic mind of youth, his spirit of at-one-ment with the cause of the down-trodden and the oppressed must touch the innermost cords of our hearts. He is our unfailing friend in our attempts to espouse the cause of the under-dog in society and that is a very great source of strength to us."

Dealing with the economic problems confronting the country, the speaker felt that society at present was faced with a dead wall of vested interests that obstructed progress at every step.

OVERHAUL ECONOMIC SYSTEM.

"We who are assembled here today," he said, "can take a somewhat detached view of the situation as we may be said to belong to a minority group standing midway between the two forces of Capital and Labour. We are the middle-class-intellectuals and the pressure of circumstances is forcing us to decide which way we will turn our face. In countries which have even to-day a higher standard of general living for the poorest workman and peasant than the one which is available in Russia, there may reasonably be some doubts about the need for overhauling of the economic system; but for us in India, the problem infinitely simpler. The peasant has to be pulled out of privation and insecurity and the standard of living of over 75 per cent of our people has to be trebled.

GRUDGING CHARITY.

"If the existing economic institutions even attempted to face these issues, their efforts would have deserved our sympathetic consideration. But here also we find grudging charity, I almost said "hush-money,"—in the form of a crore of rupees and even more lavish talk of doing something more, a little later, without the least attempt to set about in a businesslike maner to put the peasant on a solvency basis and without creating the pre-requisite basis of a stable national economy."

The speaker said that even Sir M. Visvesswaraya's planned economy for India does not give any radical alterations; but even this had no chance of being put into execution.

NO MITIGATED CAPITALISM.

Referring to Mr. Bhulabhai's definition of mitigated capitalism he replied that it was not easy to understand how mitigated capitalism would be of any help "when our capitalism is not indigenous and when again it is regulated by an alien state controlled from thousands of miles away. If there were in India even a remote prospect of economic reconstruction and expansion along lines of President Roosevelt's "deal" where the existing problems are admitted and tackled on an astounding scale, Indian youth might with profit pause to examine the efforts on their merits.

OUR ONLY HOPE.

But our recent adventures into "Budget-land" have been hardly successful as to offer us any hope what-so-ever along that line. If we are weak in the Assembly today we will be quite powerless to-morrow, when the newly constituted central Assembly will register the triumph of reaction and the ascendency of semi-fuedal autocrats. Our only hope lies in the strengthening of the forces of organised peasantry and labour strengthened by all the resources that are available from the middle-class-intellectual who has made this economic regeneration the sole objective of his efforts.

YOUTH'S TASK

"Economic conditions are becoming increasingly severe to the intellectual who is unable and unwilling to yoke himself to the car of Juggernaut. Every year hundreds of men come out of the Educational Machine finished and labelled, but the market has no use for them. This is not the largest part of the unemployment problem but the most significant one. It is the function of this section of unemployed youth to put themselves in the vanguard of the oppressed millions. They alone are capable of inductive judgment. It is ultimately their task to direct the mighty efforts working for the inevitable changes."

Warning the youth against tendencies towards "infantile ultra-leftism", he characterised this attitude as a token of superficiality and a failure to grasp the intrinsic limitations of the national situation.

"The only institution which can face our problems unflinchingly," asserted the speaker, "is the Indian National Congress. (Applause) It has continuity and a brilliant past; it commands the confidence of the largest section of disinterested opinion; it has hopes of the future worthy of its past. We must strengthen it with all our vitality and efforts. But it is not my intention to ask of you any unthinking support. Watch its activities, and further its efforts to consolidate its strength.

We must drive its roots as deep in the national soil as the roots of our helpless but grim peasantry.

"But we must also criticise its policies to examine their utility from the objective of liquidating our economic and political problem, and only when the strength of our support comes to be felt and accepted without question can our criticism be made the basis of newer policies and more vigorous programmes."

PRIVILEGE OF YOUTH.

"The closer we come to the heart of the toiling poor, the better will we be able to appreciate the weakness which we have to face, concluded Mr. Patwardhan. "But it is the privilege of youth to carry the torch of progress. They alone are free from any commitments to the dead past. They can view the needs of to-day freely and fearlessly. In their strength lies the only hope of regeneration. If the consciousness of this responsibility is kept in view, this Conference may serve a useful purpose in guiding the youth of India to face its problems and seek the solution for the problems, resulting in greater vitalising of our national life."

The conference by a resolution conveyed its May Day greetings to the workers and toilers of the world.

The conference adjourned till 8-30 p.m. on Thursday.

May Day Celebrations In Bombay

(Continued from page 1).

and anti-democratic Laws and ordinances;

(d) Freedom of Press, speech, assembly, organisation and strike.

(e) Release of political prisoners.

RESIST IT.

The meeting "while challenging the right of British Government to foist a constitution on India, declared that the constitution based on the Government of India Bill now before Parliament, was entirely unacceptable to the Indian masses."

The meeting also while recognising the urgent need of the unity in the labour ranks, welcomed and approved of the unity achieved at Calcutta as a first step in the right direction and hoped that an all-inclusive organisational trade union unity would soon be evolved.

WITH WORKERS OF WORLD.

The meeting also declared its solidarity with the workers of the world and sent its fraternal greetings and congratulations to the the building up of the Socialist workers of the Soviet Union in their successful march towards Society.

The meeting drew the attention of the Indian workers to the fact that intensified economic and political rivalries among the imperialist Powers of the world were threatening to plunge the world into a new imperialist war for more disastrous than the last one, and pledges itself to co-operate with the Labour movement in the world to resist it.

UNITED FRONT.

Mr. R. K. Khadilkar, Congress Socialist from Poona, in seconding the resolutions said that because of disunity in the Trade Union Congress it had failed to create any impression both in the country at large and also on the Government. But at the Calcutta session of the Trade Union Congress both the sections of the Congress had come together and decided to put up a united fight. This unity had brought about a new phase to the politics of the country.

"UNACCEPTABLE".

Mr. Charles Mascarenhas said that the Calcutta Unity meant more strength for the struggle for Indian freedom. The British Government were trying to force down on India a new Constitution. All the parties in the country had not only condemned the Constitution as unacceptable to the country but also decided to reject it.

Mr. Joglekar also spoke.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

Similar meetings were held at Lalbaug, DeLisle Road and Madanpura.

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Tasteless Tablets put on 3 lbs. of Flesh in 30 days.

If you have lost your girlish roundness, if cheeks are hollow, neck 'stringy,' arms and legs thin and bony and your chest flat, it is more than likely that the trouble is 'Vitamin Deficiency' in your diet. For scientists know that you must have plenty of Vitamin A if you are to put on firm, healthy flesh and build up the body.

And now you can add this beautifying Vitamin to your daily food simply by taking two, tiny, tasteless, sugar-coated tablets after every meal. For Clotabs, as these little tablets are called, contain rich stores of Vitamin A from Halibut Liver Oil (the finest body-building oil in the world) without its fishy taste or smell. So good are Clotabs that if you are thin and underweight, they will actually put on 3 lbs. of flesh within 30 days.

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WANTED AGENTS

Jat Is Victim Of Terrible Vendetta

Brutally Assaulted In Field: In Precarious Condition In Hospital

LAHORE, April 30.

A case of vendetta is reported from the village of Jahman situated at a distance of a few miles from Lahore.

It appears that about a year ago a Sikh Jat was murdered in the village and the alleged assailants cut the dead body into pieces and threw them in a canal with a view to conceal the identity of the deceased. Several Jats of the village were tried on the murder charge and some of them were acquitted while others were convicted. Among the acquitted persons was one Wasakha Singh, the victim of the present tragedy. Wasakha Singh was yesterday reaping the crop in his field at about 11 a.m. when about half a dozen persons armed with chhavis and takwas appeared in the field and brutally assaulted him.

The assaailants gouged their victim's eyes and left him for dead. Later he was removed to hospital where he is lying in a precarious condition. The Police from Barki Police Station have proceeded to the spot to investigate.—A.P.

DRY WEATHER OVER COUNTRY

POONA, May 1.

The weather remains dry over the country except for local thundershowers in Lower Burma, Assam and Mysore.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL:

Rangoon two inches; Amherst one and a half, Sibsagar one and a half; Victoria Point, Mergui quarter, Cherrapunji half and Chitaldrug quarter

FORECAST:

Scattered thundershowers will occur in southeast Madras, Mysore and round the head of the Bay of Bengal.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 1-5-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.004 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.5 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.5 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.5 degrees 0.5 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.6 degrees 0.2 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 61 p.c.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 1-5-35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.1 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.04 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.82 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

LENGTH OF A YEAR

Astronomers now accept the value for the length of a year as 365.24219879 days. This means that the year's length is known to be within one-hundredth of a second. Causes which can alter the length of the day are (1) friction of the tides acting as a brake on the earth's rotation; (2) the wearing down of mountain ranges and denudation generally tending to increase the earth's speed; and (3) any shrinkage of the earth through cooling. In a moderate number of centuries these effects are scarcely measurable.

EDUCATION IN INDIA

(Continued from page 6.)

dreaded. Their armies and the navies and the recent aerial discoveries can protect and defend the shores and land from militant physical attacks but once the nation is seized of internal, imperceptible, dangerous, psychological mental growth, the position automatically becomes uncontrollable and irretrievable, and hence like good practical men of business, they will leave nothing to chance, leave nothing to future lucky contingencies, but provide for all eventualities and take precautionary measures beforehand.

Hence, even after a century and half of the British rule, these defence policies and measures have remained unaltered and today, in the year of grace 1935, a British Governor of a Province still repeats the same obsolete opinions about education in this country that were uttered generations ago, by the first adventurers that landed on these shores. "Education must continue" says Sir Herbert Emerson, the new Governor of Punjab, "to produce men who can worthily play their part in the Government and the legislature of the Province; it must find men for all branches of Government service." Thus, in the opinion of th's Provincial Satrap, to serve Government well for a fat salary should be the sole aim and object of the life of an educated Indian.

(To be Continued.)

At a meeting of the inhabitants of Rajputana, residing in Calcutta, a resolution was adopted condemning the firing in Sikar State and sympathising with the dead and suffering persons and requesting the Maharaja of Jaipur and the Agent-General to the Governor-General to institute an immediate independent enquiry into the affair.

Sir Samuel Hoare, Secretary of State for India is convalescent after his severe attack of influenza and congestion of the lungs.

WOMAN TRICKED

Sadhu Deprives Her Of Gold By Clever Ruse

LAHORE. (By Mail).

A tale of how an aged Hindu woman was swindled and deprived of her gold ornaments worth about Rs. 700 was narrated today at the Tibbi Police Station.

She told the police that a few days ago a Sadhu wearing a saffron colour 'Dhoti' and 'Kurta' and telling beads, visited a Hindu Mohalla in the city and met a number of ladies sitting in a lane. He introduced himself as an exorcist and claimed to be perfect in expelling evil spirits.

At a glance he told some of the women among those who were sitting there that they were under the influence of such and such evil spirit. One of the women named Ramkali fell into the trap of the Sanyasi and consented to having her disease cured by the enchanter who asked her to bring some gold on which he would enchant his mantras. The woman at once brought some gold ornaments from her house and gave them to the Sanyasi in a small tin box.

The Sanyasi apparently chanted some mantras on the box and returned it to the woman saying that she should not open it before a week's time. The Sanyasi went away and the woman after a week found that in place of the gold there was only sand.

The matter has been reported to the police who are investigating.—A.P.

KAIRA PREPARES FOR JUBILEE

NARSANDA, April 30

An interesting programme extending over a fortnight has been arranged in connection with Their Majesties' Silver Jubilee at Nadiad, Kaira (proper) and Anand.

The flag day will be held in Kaira, and the poor will be fed and sweets will be distributed to school children.

RACE FOR CHAIR

A new president is to be elected for the Kaira District Local Board on May 3.

Enquiries reveal that there are two candidates in the field, namely Darbar Gopaldas Desai and Divan Bahadur C. N. Maheta both are stated to be equally influential and stand in equal chances.

VERSOVA SILVER JUBILEE COMMITTEE

The Chairman and Members of the Silver Jubilee Committee, Versove have drawn up a programme of sports and gathering to be held at Versova on the Picnic Cottage grounds on Sunday the 5th inst. at 4-30 p.m (S. T)

Mr. H. T. Sorley M A I C S Collector, Bombay Suburban District will preside.

Mrs. Sorley will distribute the prizes to the winners in the Sports and also other articles to the children and the poor.

PROGRAMME

4-30 to 6 p.m. Children's Cports
6 p.m. Gathering

The feeding of the poor will take place at 12 noon on the same day on the plot near Picnic Cottages. The Roads will be lighted at night.

VAKOLA VERNACULAR SCHOOL

Annual Gathering And Sports

The annual gathering and sports of the school conducted by the Vakola Vernacular Education Society were held on Sunday last under the chairmanship of Dr. P. A. Dias, President of the Bandra Municipality. The school, which was opened on 14th December 1933 with a strength of about 40 pupils with two teachers, one each for the Marathi and Gujerati sections, has now on its roll about 117 pupils. The teaching staff consists of a headmaster, one assistant and a lady teacher.

The committee of management for the period 3-12-35 to 31-3-35 consisted of the following:—Shet Bhomaji Shivaji, President of the Society; Shet Revashanker Jethabhai, Vice-President; Mr. S. R. Kantebet, A.M.I.E.E., Chairman, School Committee; Mr. B. L. Hattiangadi Hon. Secretary; Mr Dahyabhai R. Patel, Hon: Treasurer; Messrs. H. Jagannath Rao, and H Laxmanrao, co-opted members.

Harijan boys and girls were admitted free to the School from the very start when other pupils were charged nominal fees for some time. In addition, they were also provided with clothing, the cloth being a personal gift by Mrs. M.A. Master, President of the Servants of Untouchables Society of Santa Cruz.

FINANCIAL POSITION.

The present financial position of the Society shows that balance in hand is just sufficient to carry through for another two months, as the monthly expenditure is nearly Rs 100 while the receipts are barely Rs. 40 inclusive of monthly subscriptions and rental from rooms sublet. A scheme of raising funds by a nominal school fee failed owing to the inability of the parents to pay fee. Promised subscriptions could not all be recovered.

In view of the rapid progress of the School, the Committee requested the School Board, B.S.D. Andheri to inspect the School and recognize and register the same under the Grant-In-Aid category. Accordingly, the Administrative Officer of the School Board inspected the School and subsequently the same was recognized and Registered by the School Board, Andheri, on 13th July 1934.

While handing over control of the School to the Municipal School Board, the Committee have made an earnest appeal to the Board to see their way to introducing compulsory primary education in the village. An appeal signed by the residents to this effect was forwarded to the Board, which it is understood, is now being examined by the Special Schools Committee of the Bandra Municipal Board. It is to be hoped that the Municipality will respond to this appeal and before long a system of compulsory education will be introduced here.

Finally the committee places on record its deep debt of gratitude to Seth Bhomaji Shivaji, one of the oldest residents of the village, who spared neither money nor effort in bringing the school to its present position.

The annual sports were held on Sunday morning and the gathering was held in the afternoon, when besides vocal and instrumental music by Mr. Lavji Lavangia and flute played by Mr. Shirali there was a display of physical feats by Prof. Talwalkar of the Sri Ramakrishna Gymkhana, Khar.

That he extorted money from shop-keepers by inflicting on himself serious injuries with a knife, was the allegation made against Azad Ally Hyderally, who was remanded into custody till May 7 at the Dadar Court, yesterday.

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(6) Have you lost enthusiasm for games?
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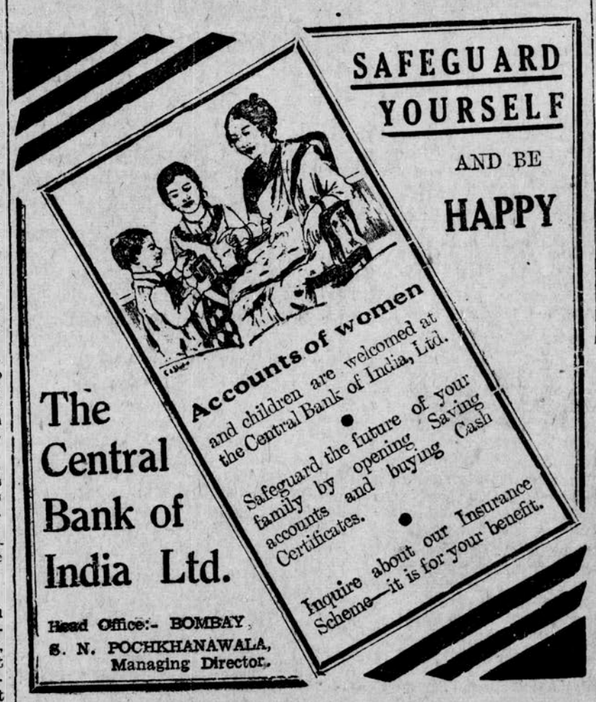
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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON DOWN BY 5 POINTS

Southern Farmers Fulfil Acreage Reduction Pledge

GOLD FIRM BUT SILVER EASY

Small Changes In Grains But Metals Firm

BOMBAY, May 1.

On Wednesday, crossrates showed an upward tendency.

NEW YORK COTTON QUIET BUT STEADY.

New York cotton was quiet but steady. Reports from the South indicate that farmers are fulfilling acreage reduction pledges.

GOLD FIRM BUT SILVER EASY.

London gold was firm but silver was easy.

NARROW CHANGES IN GRAINS.

Wheat and linseed moved within a narrow range. Metals ruled firm.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES EASY.

The London Stock Exchange lacked interest owing to the absence of enquiry. Giltedged securities eased on lack of interest.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(July 1935.)

New York, May 1.

Previous closing	11.81
To-day's opening	11.81
Difference	unchanged
To-day's closing	11.76
Difference	—.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(July 1935.)

Liverpool, May 1.

Previous closing	6.47
To-day's opening	6.48
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	6.49
Difference	+02

BROACH EXPECTATION

July-August ..... Rs. 238

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, May 1.

There was nothing in the day's news to stimulate interest and proceedings were very quiet with traders watching developments meanwhile various uncertainties continue to hamper operations to a considerable extent as a result of which prices showed very little change either way. Reports from the south indicate that farmers are fulfilling acreage reduction.

Trading in July commenced at 11.81 i.e. unchanged from the previous closing. The market showed very little activity in the absence of any important speculative transactions but prices generally kept steady although business was slow.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.76 with a decline of 5 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 1.

The following were the opening ranges

May (11.76/11.76) 11.78/11.78
July (11.79/11.79) 11.81/11.80
October (11.35/11.35) 11.38/11.37

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 1

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American March (6.52) 6.55
American July (6.47) 6.50
Egyptian March (8.03) 8.05
Egyptian July (8.04) 8.08

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 1.
10-15 p.m

Broach July-August moved around Rs. 238 1/2 at night with minor fluctuations The rate at 10-15 p.m. was Rs. 238-8 with New York futures about unchanged.

Maharaja of Kashmir and Umar Hayat Khan have been granted honorary rank of Major-General in the British army.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, May 1.

Previous closing	4.83 1/8
To-day's opening	4.82 5/8
To-day's closing	4.83 1/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, May 1.

Previous closing	4.83
To-day's opening	4.82 5/8
To-day's closing	4.83 5/16
Difference	+00 5/16

FRANC RATE

London, May 1.

Previous closing	72 93
To-day's opening	72 84
To-day's closing	73.15
Difference	+.22

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 1.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.82 5/8 and then fell to 4.82 3/8 subsequently the rate began to improve steadily touching 4.83

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.83 5/16.

Franc opened at 72.84 and then slightly advanced to 72.85 thereafter gained further ground on good support reaching 73.00.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 73.15.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 1.

The market closed quieter.

	Last price	To-day's price
Forward	34 11/16d	34 1/2d
Spot	34 7/8d	34 11/16d

LONDON GOLD

London, May 1.

Gold per ounce (£7-4-5 1/2) £7-4-8

DISCOUNTS

London, May 1.

3 months (5/8 p.c. to 5/8 p.c.) 5/8 p.c. to 5/8 p.c.

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 p.c.) 9/16 to 5/8 p.c.

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 p.c.) 5/8 to 11/16 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, May 1.
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.51 1/2) 5.50 3/8
New York on Bombay (36.57) 36.60
Berlin on Bombay (0.91) 0.91 1/8
London on Shanghai (1-8 1/2) 1-8 3/4
London on Milan (58.37) 58.25
London on Kobe (1-2 3/32) 1-2 5/32

It is understood that the chief item in the programme before the Railway Standing Finance Committee which meets at Calcutta some time in June will be the rolling stock for the next year

Estimates totalling 5-1/2 crores will be submitted for the Committee's approval.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 1.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with May at 64 July 66 7/8 and October 68 3/4. The market displayed some activity but the demand generally remained rather quiet and there was not much doing.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 1.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.98 7/8. The market was very quiet in the absence of any important transactions.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 1.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m.

METALS

Tin (£224 3/4 buyers £224 7/8 sellers Firm) £226 buyers £227 sellers Strong.
Lead (13 1/8 buyers No sellers, Strong) £13 3/16 buyers £13 1/4 sellers. Firm.
Electrolytic Copper (£34 3/4 to £35 1/2) £35 1/2 to £36
Glasgow (£70) £70

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-10) 0-10
Indian Pekoe higher (1-8 1/4) 1-8 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-11
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-6 1/4) 2-6 1/4

JUTE

Crop May-June (£18 1/16) £18 1/8 value.
Dunlop May (£21) unquoted.
Lightning May (£19) unquoted.

RUBBER

Spot (5 11/16) 5 5/8 paid and buyers.
April-June (6) 5 15/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay May-June (£12 1/4 sellers) £12 3/16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta May-June (£11 11/16 sellers) £11 11/16 sellers.
Linseed La Plata (£9 1/2 sellers) £9 1/2 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal (£15 sellers) £15 1/8 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(September Delivery.)
(Through bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Bombay, May 1.

	Rs.	a.	p
Rates at 9 a.m.	7	1	3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	1	0
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7	1	3
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	7	1	6
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	7	2	0
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	7	2	3
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	7	2	0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 1.

Wheat May	4	7	0
Linseed May	6	13	0

The tone was steady.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 1.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 81/12, 82/1 and 82/6. The market early improved on better overnight cables from abroad inducing some speculative buying and covering but later in the session the market developed a reactionary tendency on somewhat easier cables from London which resulted in some selling and liquidation prices closed steady at Rs. 80/12, 81/1 and 81/6

Gold opened steady at Rs. 36, 36/1 and 36/2. The market displayed some activity on early steadiness of franc which induced covering and local banks buying but subsequently the advance was partially lost on later easiness of franc. Prices closed steady at Rs 35-14-11, 36/1/6 and 36/1/6.

Stock Exchange Operators Cautious

PROFIT-TAKING IN COPPER AFTER A SHARP RISE

Dealings In Silver Futures Commenced On Metal Exchange

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 1.

On the Stock Exchange with most operators adopting a cautious attitude owing to the continued European political uncertainty, markets generally were uninteresting.

In commodities wheat was firm on private American crop estimates. Copper was again active. The sharp advance was partly reduce later owing to profit-taking.

Dealings in silver futures to-day commenced in the Metal Exchange where the turnover amounted to 70,000 ounces.

Wall Street opened irregular ...and then rallied slightly.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 1.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Tuesday, April 23 £95 1/2
Wednesday, April 24 £95 1/2
Thursday, April 25 £98
Friday, April 26 £97 3/4
Monday, April 29 £97
Tuesday, April 30 £97 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 1.
3-30 p.m.

London stock exchange lacked interest owing to absence of enquiry Giltedged securities eased on lack of interest three and half was quoted at £97 if five shillings lower than previous closing.

Markets generally were quiet and price movements were rather irregular.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£88 1/2) £87 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 3/4) £107 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£113 5/8) £113 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£118) £117 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/8) £105 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116 1/4) £116 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Homestores 7 p.c Preference cumulative (27-1 1/2) 27-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Splits share (5) 5
Hydro Electric (dol 3 3/4) dol 3 3/4
Musical Industries (28-0) 27-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (41-3) 42-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (35-0) 35-0
Imperial Chemical Ord (8-6) 8-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (107-3) 105-9
Realisation 1930 (86 1/2) 86 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (42-9) 42-9
University Ordinary (27-6) 27-6
Ford Motors (35-0) 33-9
Cables and Wireless (6 1/4) 6 1/4
British American Tobacco (121-3 120-0
Camera A (£8) £8
Imperial Tobacco Ord (138-1 1/2) 137-6
P and O S N Co. Defd. (16-4 1/2) 16-4 1/2
Distillers (91-7 1/2) 91-7 1/2
Bred and Dyers (7-3) 7-3
British Celonese (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (66-3) 66-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (52-4 1/2) 52-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-6) 6-6
Western Ltd Ordinary (11-3) 11-3
Inter Nickels (27-9) 27-9
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-7 1/2) 5-7 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£109 1/2) £109 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 1
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£87 1/2) £87
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£97 1/2) £97
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
4 1/2 per cent. 1958/68 (£117 1/2) £117 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108 1/2) £108 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-58 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan (£110 5/8) £111

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (38-6) 38-6
Empire of India and Ceylon (33-9) 35-7 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Bangalore (£15) £15

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-3) 22-3
Gula Kelampong (21-3) 21-3
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (28-6) 28-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (56-3) 56-3
Burma Corporation (10-6) 10-6
Rio Tintos (£16 1/4) £16 1/4
East Rand Proprietary (52-0) 52-0
Rand Mines (162-6) 162-6

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (46-3) 46-10 1/2
Anglo Dutch (55-0) 55-1 1/2
Burma Oil (78-1 1/2) 78-9
Mexican Eagle (4-0) 4-0
Shell Transport (56-3) 53-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (22-0) 22-0

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£20 1/4) £19 3/4
L M Ford (20 1/4) £20 1/4
L N E R Defd (£6 1/2) £6 1/2
Southern Dutch (£25 1/2) £25 1/4
London Pass 5 per cent (£132 1/4) £132
London Board G Stock (£99 1/4) £99 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (279-3) 279-3
Goddar New (223-9) 223-9
Moddar New (82-6) 82-6
Sub Nigel (286-3) 283-9
Union Corporation (160-0) 160-0
Spring Mines Split Share (48-9) 48-9

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 1.

General Motor (dol 30 1/2) dol 29 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 14) dol 14 1/4
U S Steel Common (dol 32 7/8) dol 31 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 87 7/8) unquoted.

Japanese Manipulations Nullify Quota System

Seth Chimanlal Parekh Surveys Parlous State Of Indian Mill Industry And Urges Termination Of Indo-British Trade And Ottawa Pacts

AHMEDABAD, April 30.

Presiding over the Annual Meeting of the Mill Owners' Association this evening, Seth Chimanlal Parekh dealt with the question of production of cotton piece goods, which was on the increase.

"It has become difficult," he said, "for the Indian producers successfully to compete against the Japanese cloth. Recent Japanese manipulations to a certain extent covered the lost ground. If pressure of Japanese imports in goods mixed with artificial silk were to be considered, it would be obvious that the desired effect of the quota system is being nullified, and the whole range of cloth trade is affected."

WAGE-CUT SETTLEMENT

Seth Chimanlal next dwelt on the recent wage cut dispute and the attempts at settlement, finally culminating in the Delhi Agreement. He, however, complained that from subsequent results of operation of the Delhi Agreement, the expected relief was not being obtained, and Ahmedabad continued to pay ethe highest scale of wages compared with other production centres. The salvation of the industry, he said, therefore lay in securing the possible advantage from the agreement coupled with strict economics in the Mill administration regarding the Ottawa Agreement.

The President remarked that it had helped Britain to increase her share in the Indian Trade, even during depression. Ottawa had also proved a serious obstacle to the export of Indian agricultural produce and had compelled several countries to adopt a policy of retaliation towards consumption of Indian goods and to impose serious restrictions which were harmful to the Indian trade and commerce.

Seth Chimanlal then took up for analysis the Indo-British Trade Agreement and subjected it to severe criticism. Criticising it in strong language, the President said that the Indo-British Agreement constituted a flagrant breach of established convention of fiscal autonomy. "If agriculture and industries of India are to stand and make further progress," he added, "Ottawa and Indo-Britssh Trade Pacts should be terminated soo . to save India from irreparable harm."

NEGATION OF SWARAJ

Commenting on the Government of India Bill, Seth Chimanlal said that the financial and commercial safeguards, special responsibilities, and other powers, given to the Governor-General prevent discriminative legislation in case of British goods imported into India. These are subversive of the true spirit or self-government and democracy, under which labels the new reforms are offered to India. —United Press.

Silver Situation Bullish

RISE IN PRICE BENEFICIAL TO INDIAN PEOPLE

Interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative regarding the Silver situation Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta said: "The fact that talks between Mr. Margenthau and the representatives of the Mexican Government having ended satisfactorily is considered as bullish and as such there was an advance in the prices of silver yesterday and it is likely that the silver prices may not decline until some definite announcement is made by the American Treasury towards reversing its policy. Till that time, as regards further advance in silver prices it all depends upon American Treasury as to whether they raise their domestic purchase price or not and also whether they buy in London or not. Until some definite stand is taken by the American Treasury there does not seem to be a possibility of wide fluctuation in the present level. The rise in silver has certainly come as a boon to the Indian masses who have invested their small resources in silver ornaments and since the prices have doubled since the last year, it should have acted favourably to them."

Reserve Bank Of India

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 26th day of April 1935.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES.	Bombay, May 1.
Notes held in the Banking Department	Rs. 19,34,39,000
Notes in circulation	Rs. 166,93,45,000
Total Notes issued	Rs. 186,27,84,000
Total Liabilities	Rs. 186,27,84,000
ASSETS.	
A. Gold Coin and Bullion	
(a) Held in India	Rs. 41,55,19,000
(b) Held outside India	Rs. 2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	Rs. 48,62,95,000
Total of A.	Rs. 93,05,12,000
B. Rupee Coin	Rs. 50,17,50,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	Rs. 43,05,22,000
Total Assets	Rs. 186,27,84,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 49.95 per cent.

STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS

Reserve Bank Of India

AS ON THE 26th DAY OF APRIL 1935.

LIABILITIES	Bombay, May 1.
Capital paid up	Rs. 5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	Rs. 18,44,23,000
(b) Banks	Rs. 8,65,33,000
Bills Payable	Rs. 1,48,000
Other Liabilities	Rs. 18,05,000
Total Rupees	Rs. 37,29,09,000
ASSETS.	
Notes	Rs. 19,34,39,000
Rupee Coin	Rs. 7,68,000
Subsidiary Coin	Rs. 2,06,000
Balance held abroad*	Rs. 12,34,95,000
Investments	Rs. 5,09,33,000
Other Assets	Rs. 40,68,000
Total Rupees	Rs. 37,29,09,000

* Includes Cash and Short term securities.

Shipping News

Exports And Imports

ARRIVAL.

Bombay, May 1.

S S City of Kobe, V. G. Harris, Karachi via Bhavnagar, K N & Co.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, May 1.

S S Takliwa, A. G. Fishlay, Durban via Porbunder, M M & Co.

S S Toyama Maru, T. Nakamura, Kobe via Singapore, N Y Kaisha.

S S City of Kobe, V. G. Harris, Marmagoa, Cochin, & Alleppey, K N & Co.

S S Masula, H M Edmondson, Europe Ports, M M & Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, May 1.

S S Toyama Maru, Agents, N. Y. Kaisha from Singapore.—875 bags b'nuts; 159 bales b. pepper.

From Yokohama.—147 cases rayon yarn; 150 cases T. conductors; 200 cases fish oil.

From Shanghai.—80 bdls. cotton yarn; 155 cases tea.

From Tokyo.—2190 drums sodium sulphide; 40 cases sodium theosulphide; 131 cases clocks; 290 cases beer; 200 drums caustic soda.

From Nagoya.—900 bags sulphur; 650 bales cotton goods; 75 bales glass bottles; 75 cases clocks; 85 cases tiles; 65 cases porcelain and 23 cases g'ware.

From Moji.—135 cases e'ware; 959 bags soda ash; 750 drums cal. chloride.

From Osaka.—925 cases c. p. goods; 2640 kegs paints; 45 cases rubber goods; 250 cases g'ware; 140 drums dyestuff; 45 cases toys 255 cases g'bottles; 295 cases g'-bangles; 160 bdls. h'ware; 404 casks coal pitch.

From Kobe.— 1665 bags sugar; 95 cases art silk goods; 975 bales straw boards; 514 cases cotton goods; 110 cases bangles; 84 cases confectionery; 60 cases biscuits 230 bags stearic acid; 97 cases rayon p. goods.

From Singapore.—520 bags b'nuts; 53 bags b. pepper; 2555 bags sago flour; 425 bdls. rattans.

From Colombo.—4698 bags copra; 50 bdls. mattress fibre.

S S Varsova, Agents M M & Co., from Busrah.—40 bdls. wools; 3800 bkts. dates; 326 bags edza.

From Mohammerah.—10 bags skins.

From Karachi.—79 bags fish salted; 65 cases kismish; 35 cases silver coins.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, May 1.

S S Viceroy of India for London.—123 cases bristles, D Abraham & Sons; 437 bags seed., B Mulji; 267 bags gr; kernals, R Ratilal & Co.; 86 bags fish mows, H A Mahomed & sons; 15 bales skins, M M & Co.

For Marseilles.—1280 bags g'nuts K Devchand & Co.; 700 bags castor seed, K Devchand & Co.; 128 bags mustard seed, B Mulji; 120 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

S S City of Baroda for Liverpool.—125 bales cotton, K Devchand.

S S Masula for London.—250 bales Masoor, T S Thadani.

For Havre.—20 bales cotton, Bombay Co., Ltd.

For Antwerp.—55 bales cotton fly, V A Save.

S S Kidderpore for Yokkaichi.—600 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Kobe.—601 bales cotton raw N Fatehally & Co.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

E. P. Bales	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 30-4-35	4181000	7143000
Receipts Yesterday 30-4-35	4000	18000
Exports to date 30-4-35	4016000	6545000
Stock at Ports 26-4-35	2038000	3014000
Stock Interior Towns 26-4-35	1421000	1482000
Stock Liverpool 26-4-35	770000	1040000
Visible Supply 26-4-35	4887000	6760000
Quantity in sight 26-4-35	7496000	11180000
Quantity out of sight 26-4-35	7927000	10973000

Dull And Featureless Day In Shares

Operators Await Foreign Developments

FRIENDLY FEELING AMONG BULLS AND BEARS

Bombay, May 1.

The local Share Bazar again ruled quiet but steady with a fair volume of business. At the opening the market was steady with slightly better enquiry but at the advance there was increased selling pressure influenced by unfavourable European political news. Prices assumed sagging tendency but the decline was arrested by short covering and at the close prices show small changes.

The undertone of the market was good and to-morrow being the last day for evening up open interest of the present settlement, the market will remain open till 3 p.m. Budly differences were normal and the market seems to be in a healthy state as a large number of shares have passed into strong hands.

The market is preparing for a new move as some old bulls are unloading and some bears are becoming buyers. This state is confounding outside operators but with marked decrease in outside long interest, there can be no justification for any important decline and we think it safe to buy on all declines.

Next four months are expected to experience unusual activity in world markets.

U.S. Government decision on Silver, cotton and textiles will have important effect on international trade and general economic conditions.

At the close the tone of the market was barely steady awaiting U.S. developments and political news from the Continent.

TEXTILE MILLS.

BOMBAY, May 1.

100 Ahm. Advance	285 0
500 Bom. Cotton	40 0
250 Bombay Dyeing	862 8
250 Bradbury	108 12
100 Century	277 8
100 Central India	325 0
100 Colaba	126 4
100 Coorla	107 8
100 Crescent	7 4
250 Currim	5 0
250 David	60 0
250 Dawn	365 0
1 E D Sassoon	0 3 3
100 Finlay	110 0
100 Gokak	184 6
1000 Hindustan	1,725 0
100 Indore	76 14
50 Kastoorchand	0 8
100 Khatau	67 8
100 Kohinoor	197 8
250 Laxmi	680 0
100 Madhavji	11 0
250 Madras United	45 0
1000 Morarji	1,050 0
250 Model	57 8
50 Mysore	108 12
200 New Great	148 12
100 Oosmanshahi	57 8
100 Phoenix	328 12
25 Sassoon Silk	39 0
1000 Sholapur	2,300 0
50 Simplex	80 0
100 Swadeshi	206 4
100 Swan	81 14
25 Tata	16 0
500 Vishnu	1,410 0
1000 Western	900 0
BANKS.	
50-100 Baroda	95 8
25-50 Central	34 8
500 Imperial	1525 0
125-500 Imp. Cont.	380 0
50-100 India	117 0
5 Union	5-5-0
CEMENTS.	
10 Bundi	45 0
70 Gwalior	111 4
160 Indian	382-8
40 Katni Def.	1350 0
100 Katni Ord.	380 0
75 Okha	221 4
10 Punjab	26 0
100 Shahabad	409 6
70 United	82 0
INSURANCE	
15-100 Jupiter	12 0
15-75 New India	42 4
200 Oriental	4600 0
10-100 Vulcan	7 10
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad Old	160 0
1000 Andhra Valley	1642 8
10 Ajmer	11 0
50 Bombay Tram	153 7
100 Bom Suburban	177 8
10 Broach	11 8
100 Karachi	230 0
100 Poona	217 8
100 Surat	198 2
100 Tata Hydro	176 14
1000 Tata Power	1542 8
RAILWAYS.	
500 Ahm. Prantij	862 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

BOMBAY, May 1.

Century: 290, 278, 280, 277

Bom. Dyeing 868, 870, 867, 869, 862, 865, 861, 862|8

Kohinoor: 202, 198, 200, 197

Central India: 330, 326, 328, 325, 326, 325

New Great: 151, 152, 151, 148|12

Simplex: 80, 81, 80

Swadeshi: 210, 211, 208, 206|4

Bundi: 45|12, 45|8, 45

I. Cement: 390, 387, 388, 382|8

Punjab: 26|4, 26|2, 25|14, 25|12, 26

Shahabad: 410, 408, 409|6

Andhra: 1663, 1655, 1656, 1650, 1642|8

Tata Hydro: 177|8, 178|2, 176|14

Tata Power: 1567, 1577, 1567, 1570 1555, 1560, 1542, 1550, 1542|8

T. Steel Defd.: 670, 680, 677, 675, 678, 670, 672, 665, 670 667|8

T. Steel Ord.: 142, 142|8, 141, 141|8, 140|4, 141, 139|8, 140, 139|8

Tata Steel 2nd Pref: 170, 170|8 170

Bellapur: 291, 294|6, 290, 289|6

B. Steam: 283, 280

B. Burma 352, 349, 350, 347|8

100 Amr. Patty	116 4
100 C Province	91 4
100 Dhond Baramati	93 8
100 Gujarat	70 4
100 Mandra Bhon	95 8
100 Pachora Jamner	92 0
100 Sara Sirajgunge	93 0
500 Tapty Valley	770 0
MININGS	
10 Shivrajpur	24 12
30 Tata Steel Defd.	667 8
75 Tata Steel Ordinary	139 8
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 Alcock	161 4
50 Belapur Sugar	289 6
250 Bombay Steam	280 0
125 Bombay Burma	347 8
15 Bombay Burma Contry	116 4
8sh. Br. B Petrol	3-1-6
50 Bombay Telephone	104 8
100 Indian Bleaching	132 8
100 Ind. Radio Defd.	505 0
100 Ind. Radio Ordy.	491 14
1000 Port Canning	590 0
15 Scindia	10 4
30 Tata Construction	73 4
25 Tata Oil	18 4
PREFERENCE.	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,340 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	280 0
7 p.c. Bombay Tram	78-4-0
5 p.c. Central India	3 12
7 p.c. Katni 1st	133 12
7 p.c. Ka tni 2nd	145 0
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 2
7 p c Tata Bldro	138 12
7½ p c Tata Power	1375 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	175 0
7-1/2 p c Tata Steel 2nd	170 0
5½ p.c. Tata Mill	14 0
7 p.c. Vishnu	635 0

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 29th April 10,150 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 1,848,527 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 1,828,165 bales

Increase 20,362 bales

WHEAT SITUATION

Messrs. M and B Stern state:

Completion of May liquidation in Liverpool, decreasing stocks, higher import prices and expectation of a bullish U S A Government winter wheat estimate on the 9th instant leaves the market in a healthy condition. Continued Far Eastern demand for Australians and higher pegged Canadian prices keep Liverpool contract in a precarious state should bull speculation develop on any unfavourable weather reports in the Southern or Northern hemisphere later on we recommend purchases.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

Bombay, May 1

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £87

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £97 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 £105 1/2

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 £108 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 £112 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 £117 1/2

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 £116 1/2

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 £105 3/8

6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 £102 3/8

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £88 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Conversion £107 3/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106

NEW YORK COTTON

Bombay, May 1.

On Tuesday the New York cotton futures market was dull and featureless. Traders are awaiting Washington developments. Prices moved within a narrow range of 8 points. At the opening July was quoted 3 points down at 11.79. There was scattered buying which improved prices to 11.83 but later on in the absence of any support prices gradually declined on realising and July was quoted at 11.75. In the afternoon session there was some trade support and the market closed at a rise of one point to a decline of one point. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 12.20c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed unchanged to 3 points higher. Spot cotton prices closed at 12.22c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest 11.83 plus 01 (10-9 a.m.)

Lowest 11.75—07 (1-36 p.m.)

Liverpool July highest 6.50 plus 04 (3-15 p.m.)

Lowest 6.47 plus 01 (10-15 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Market quiet. Some price fixing offset by liquidation.

New York: Brazilian and Indian crop estimates are being raised but there is very little likelihood that American Government curtailing control. General business conditions improving steadily. Contracts held in strong hands. Think market will advance gradually.

New York: Approaching season purchases usually profitable.

New York: Absence of speculation due to political uncertainty. Dry goods trade falling off. Do not think market will change much either way for the near future.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April. 30

May 1935	11.77+01
July 1935	11.81—01
October 1935	11.36—01
December 1935	11.43+01
January 1936	11.47+01
March 1936	11.53—00
Middling Spot	12.20—00

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York. Apl. 30.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	4,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	7,000

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York. April 30.

May 1935	11.67—03
July 1935	11.76—01
October 1935	11.32—00
Middling Spot	12.22—00

NEW YORK.

New York. April 30.

New York, 10-55 a.m.—	
May 1935	11.76
July 1935	11.77
October 1935	11.35
New York, Noon Call—	
May 1935	11.73
July 1935	11.76
October 1935	11.35

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Apl. 30

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:—

May 1935	8.02
July 1935	8.04
October 1935	8.00
November 1935	8.02
January 1936	8.00
F. G. F. Spot	8.33

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 30.

BROACH.—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.85
Fine (Good Staple)	6.00
Superfine (Good Staple)	6.15
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No 1 Staple)	5.85
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	6.00
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	6.15
BENGAL.—	
Good	3.81
Fully Good	3.91
Fine	4.01
SCINDE.—	
Fully Good	3.91
Fine	4.01
Superfine	4.11

SEEDS.

London, April 30

Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton April sellers £9/10/0.

Linseed, Calcutta London C.I.F. ton Apl/May sellers £11/13/9.

Linseed, Bombay London C.I.F. ton Apl./May sellers £12/5/0.

Rapeseed, Toria (Hull/Cont.) C.I.F. ton, Apl./May sellers £12/10/0.

Castorseed, Bombay Hull Cont C.I.F ton, May/Aug. sellers £11/16/3.

Cottonseed. Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton No offers

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt. May sellers 20-7-1/2

Linseed Oils Naked London per cwt June/August sellers 21-0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, May 1

	To-day	Total
Broach	400	3400
Bengal	1650	1650
Oomra	100	100

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Bombay, May 1.

On Tuesday the Liverpool cotton futures market opened as expected at a rise of 2 points. The market was quiet and featureless. There was scattered local business. Operators are awaiting constructive developments. The market closed at a rise of one to two points. Middling American spot cotton prices improved 3 points at 6.78d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 3 points. At the close May was quoted 5.94, July 5.92 and October 5.90.

Egyptian cotton ring was easy with scattered liquidation. Sakels futures closed at a decline of one to five points with spot cotton 4 points down at 8.33. Uppers futures closed at a rise of 6 points for near months but distant deliveries declined 5 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

There was increased long liquidation in the Alexandria market which resulted in a decline of 10 to 13 points in Sakels while Ashmouni futures lost 7 to 14 points.

ANOTHER RISE.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern state:—

Though the spot basis remained hard there was no speculative inclination to follow up, leaving a colourless session yesterday. In view of foreign spot demand and Bombay buying on higher silver, prices were sustained.

The attraction of silver and its future policy by the U. S. A. Treasury is keenly watched. According to private cables the understanding arrived at by Mr. Morgenthau with Mexican Government has delayed the additional increase to enable Mexican Government to nationalise their holdings. Since he has pleaded inability to alter the American policy another rise in the U. S. A. price seems shortly inevitable. A firm conviction is rooted in speculators that purchases made during this month since last thirty years have invariably brought them substantial profits later in July-August on adverse weather reports, irrespective of the eventual size of crop.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

	Liverpool. April 30 10-12 a. m. Quotations	To-day's Price.
May 1935		6.52+02
June 1935		6.49+01
July 1935	6.47	6.47+01
August 1935		6.35+01
September 1935		6.27+01
October 1935	6.20	6.19+01
November 1935		6.15+01
December 1935		6.15+01
January 1936		6.15+01
February 1936		6.15+01
March 1936		6.15+01
May 1936		6.14—00
Middling Spot		6.78+03

RUBBER

London, Apl. 30

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per £5-3/4 sellers

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London. April 30 £

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	69
	Nominal
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1931 later	87
Indian Stock. 3 1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	97-1/4
Indian Stock. 4 1/2 per cent. 1950/55	112-1/2
Consols. 2 1/2 per cent.	88-1/2
Conversion Loan. 3 1/2 per cent 1961	107-3/4
War Loan. 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	106
Funding Loan. 4 per cent. 1960/90	118
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	116 1-4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14 3-4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	124-1/2
National Bank of India	43
P & O. Banking Corporation.	10 1-4

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Apl. 30.

T. T. London on.—	
Berlin	11.95
Amsterdam	7.11
Brussels	28.42
Madrid	35.20
Milan	58.34
Berne	14.85-3/4
Paris	72.93
Prague	116.25
T. T. London on New York Closing rate	4.83

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, April 30

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 0.9/16 per cent. to 0.5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0.5/8 per cent. to 0.11/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2.1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan. 0.1/4 per cent. to 0.1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' Market Loan, 0.1/2 per cent. to 0.1/2 per cent.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, April 30

July	2.41—01
September	2.48—01
December	2.56—02
January	2.43—02

WALL-STREET MARKETS

New York, April 30

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Forn Power Com	3
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	17
Electric Bond Common	6
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	44
Columbia Gas	6
American Tel and Tel	111
Western Union Telg	25
Radio Corporation	5
Chesapeake and Ohio	42
New York Central	15 3/4
Baltimore and Ohio R R	11
Erie R R	9
Pennsylvania R R	21
Union Pacific R R	90
Great North Pfd	12
National Distillers	25
Hiram Walker	24
Amr Tobacco B	83
Canadian Pacific	10
Union Pacific	92
Bethelehem Steel	25
United States Steel	32
American Smelting	43
Int Nickel of Canada	27
Anaconda Copper Mining	14
Kennecott Copper	18
Cerro de Pasco Copper	60
International Harvestor	40
Ford Motors of Canada A	26 1/2
General Motor	29 1/2
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	24
St. Oil of N J	43
Philips Petrol	19
Atlantic Refining	24
Socony	14
Plymouth Oil	11
American Radiator	24
Chase Bank	21 1/2
National City Bank	19 3/4
Sun Life of Canada	295
Celanese Corp of Amr.	20
General Foods	34
National Dairy	14
Du Pont de Nemours	97
Allis Chalmers	17

Total business 1 million.

Market is not expected to decline much from the present level of prices. Ford Motor of Canada declared quarterly dividend of 50 cents. Philips Petroleum earned 37 cents per share compared to 17 cents in first quarter 1934.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, April 30

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe. parcels May sellers 24/4-1-2.

Wheat, Barletta Russo, parcels, May sellers 24/7/1-2.

Wheat, South Australian, parcels April sellers 27/9

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET

London, April 30

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25.

C and F Calcutta per cwt. 6/9 Apl./May nominal,

C and F Bombay per cwt. 6/6 Apl./May sellers.

C and F Karachi per cwt. 6/6 April /May sellers

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET

New York, April 30.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 Quality) 9-7/16

LONDON SILVER.

London. April 30.

Spot	34 1-1/16
Forward	34-7/8

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 30.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £7-4-8

LONDON METALS.

London. Apl. 30.

	£
Copper Brazlers	45
Yellow Metal	37-5/8
Spelter Hard Indian Brands.	13-5/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Guage	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F O B.	223-3/4

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, May 1

The local silver market was quiet but steady with a limited turnover. Vaishakh delivery fluctuated between Rs. 82/6 and Rs. 81/14 and later on the market was steady around Rs. 82/2.

Gold market was fairly steady and business done was moderate.

New York Spot silver prices closed unchanged at 75 3/4 cents on Tuesday. Montreal silver market was steady and closed at a rise of 5 to 90 points. with May 77.00, July 77.30 and September 78.00. Shanghai Exchange on London opened to-day at 1-8 1/2 unchanged with quiet but steady tendency.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	81 8 0
Vaishakh delivery	81 12 0
Vaishakh Tejimandi	4 0 0
Jeth delivery	82 2 0
Jeth Tejimandi	6 8 0
Ready gold	36 0 6
Vaishakh delivery	36 1 0
Vaishakh tejimandi	0 10 0
Jeth delivery	36 2 0
Jeth Tejimandi	0 1 0

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, May 1.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-10-6.

Shipment April Rs. 3-15-3.

Shipment April-May Rs. 4-1-3.

Shipment June Rs. 4-2-3.

Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 4-2-9.

Shipment Oct-Dec. Rs. 4-3-9.

Kesar Rs. 14-2.

Saraya Rs. 13-10.

Java spot F, 4.00.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 30.

May	68 5/8—5/8d.
July	66 5/8—1/2d.
October	68 1/2—1/2d.
December	69 5/8—1/2d.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 1

Following quiet but steady New York advices, the local market opened at Rs. 239 for Broach J/A delivery. There was a marked absence of any important buying and prices declined to Rs. 237/8 on selling by offices and commission houses. The tone of the market was quiet but steady.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of one point and later on was quoted 3 points up. The local market ruled steady and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M. Rs. 244/12	
Broach J/A Rs. 238/4	
New Broach A/M. 1936 Rs. 222/8	
Oomra May Rs. 211	
Oomra July Rs. 212	
Oomra D/J. Rs. 199	
Bengal May Rs. 136/8	
Bengal July Rs. 138	
Bengal D/J. Rs. 140/4	

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, May 1.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G. Bengal—					
U. P.	—	146	141	137	134
Punjab	...	146	141	137	134
Rajputana	...	147	142	138	135
Oomra No. 3	220	217	214	210	...
C. P. No. 1	240	237	234	230	...
C. P. No. 2	227	224	221	217	...
Broach No. 2	...	251	247	243	238
Punjab-Ame.	...	281	277	273	268
Surat	...	331	327	323	318
Rajpipla	...	331	327	323	318
Navsari	...	336	332	328	323

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 1.

Bengal Superfine	153
Bengal Fine	143
Bengal F.G	139
Sindh-Punjab Fine	143
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	130
Wardha-Hingt	235
Nagpur Savner	237
Pundlurna	320
Yeotmal	219
Arvi	218
Ellichpur	217
Berar	212/214
Khamgaon	214/216
Mulkapur	208/210
Khandesh	207/210
Jalna/Sailu	207/210
Burwah Sanavad	213/215
Broach Fine	252
Punjab/American	279
Punjab/American mix	259
Cambodia	314
Compta Good	284
Kampala	368
Busoga	365
Jinja	359

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, May 1.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	900	224,044
Central India	577	89,042
Barsi and Nagar	357	91,193
Hyderabad-Gaorani	45	39,027
Berar	2,030	337,412
Central Provinces	392	81,902
Total Oomrae	4,301	862,620
Dholera	1,512	137,261
N.-W. Provinces	40	30,568
Rajputana	523	22,761
Sind-Punjab	226	280,780
Broach	10	114,804
Coompta and Dharwar	781	56,542
Westerns-Northerns	238	35,554
Cocoanada	...	114
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	2	44,208
Persian	...	2,450
American.	...	27,768
Egyptian and African	...	240,019
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	711
Total	7,633	1,856,160

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 25th April.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,077	289,291
Japan and China	4,265	771,730
Coast Ports	601	20,419
Up-country by Rail	...	163,554
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	17,629
Total	5,943	1,262,623

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, May 1.

	Cwts.
Wheat	10,064
Linseed	4,246
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	1,167
Gingellyseed	147
Poppyseed	244
Groundnuts	1,997
Castorseed	849
Rice	26,406
Myrabollams	3,578
Cottonseed	4,939
Gram	4,053
Joowar	446
Maize	9
Barley	96
Bajree	1,142
	Tons.
Coal	4,720

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 30.

Broach A/M. Op. 241 1/2; Highest 244 3/4; Lowest 241 1/2; Closing 244 3/4.

Broach J/A. Op. 236 1/4; Highest 239; Lowest 236 1/4; Closing 239.

Broach A/M. 1936 Op. 222 3/4; Highest 224 1/2; Lowest 222 3/4; Closing 224 1/2

Oomra May Op. 210 3/4; Highest 212; Lowest 210 1/2; Closing 211 3/4.

Oomra July Op. 211 3/4; Highest 213; Lowest 211 3/4; Closing 213.

Bengal May Op. 136 1/2; Highest 137 3/4; Lowest 136; Closing 136.

Bengal July Op. 138 1/2; Highest 139 3/4; Lowest 138; Closing 138 1/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach J/A. 1935 (30-6-35) Rs. 16 1/4.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-5-35) Rs. 9.

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 37.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 30.

May	0.98 7/8—5/8c.
July	0.99 1/4—5/8c.
October	.099 5/8—5/8c.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT.

Bombay, May 1

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 92/11

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 92/11

4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 106/11

4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 106/11

5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 116/13

5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 116/13

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 105/8

5 per cent 1955 Mysore 116

5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/8

6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 101/10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES (CASH).

3 per cent 1941 106/10

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 101/10

4 per cent 1943 105/8

4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 111/4

5 per cent 1939/44 107/14

5 per cent 1940/43 109/5

5 per cent 1935 100/8

5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108

5 1/2 per cent 1935 I B 101/8

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES)

4 per cent B P T 1974 102

4 per cent M Deb 1974 101/8

5 per cent M Deb 1959 112/8

6 per cent M Deb 1954 121

6 per cent K P T 1956 121

6 1/2 per cent B I T 1935 106

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 93 and declined to Rs. 92/8 on long liquidation influenced by unfavourable political situation. Later on the market was steady. Later in the evening the market was steady and 3 1/2 per cent paper was quoted at Rs. 92/14/6.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, May 1.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32

To 15th May

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 June

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/32 July

Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32

Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16

Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mail.

Banks buying 3 Mos 1/6 3/16 June

NEW YORK—

B C Rate T T 277 5/8

Banks selling T T 275 5/8

Banks buying T T 272 7/8

PARIS—

Banks selling D D 547

Banks buying D D 557

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D D 53 1/4

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 53 1/4

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 78 1/2 nominal

Banks buying T T 78 nominal

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 167

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 116

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 156 1/2

BERLIN—

Banks selling D D 88 1/4

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.83 30th ultimo

Shanghai/London 1/8 1/2 1st instant

Japan/London 1/2 5/32 1st instant

Java/London 7.10 1st instant

London/Paris 72.93 30th ultimo

London/Belgium 28.42 30th ultimo

London/Switzerland 14.85 3/4 30th ultimo

London/Italy 58.34 30th ultimo

London/Berlin 11.95 30th ultimo

London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 30th ultimo

London/New York 4.83 30th ultimo

London/Amsterdam 7.11 1/4 30th ultimo

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold £7-4-5 1/2 29th ultimo £7-4-8 30th ultimo

Silver London Ready 34 1/16 29th ultimo 34 11/16 30th ultimo

Silver London Forward 34 3/16 29th ultimo; 34 7/8 30th ultimo

Silver New York Ready 76 29th ultimo 76 30th ultimo

London discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 29th ultimo 5/8 per cent 30th ultimo

London discounts 6 mos 11/16 per cent 29th ultimo 11/16 per cent 30th ultimo

Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 2 per cent.

3 Mos. 2 1/2 per cent.

6 Mos. 2 1/4 per cent.

Tone:—Firm.

COPPER AND YELLOW METALS

Bombay, May 1.

LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (buyers) £31-7-6

Standard Copper Cash (sellers) £31-10-0

Standard Copper 3 months £13-13-9.

Electrolytic Copper £35-5-0.

NEW YORK.

Blue Eagle 9 cents.

Non-Blue Eagle 7 3/8 cents.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow metal sheets 4x4x21 lb. at Rs. 31-14-0; 28/112 lbs. Rs. 31-8-0.

Copper sheets 4x4x21/112 lb. at Rs. 35-4-0.

Market Tone:—Form.

WORLD COTTON PARITIES

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—

May 139, July 125 at Cross Rate 4.83 1/2.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 244/4—Liverpool May 6.54 Rs. 40 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach J/A. 238/12—Liverpool July 6.47 Rs. 43 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1936 224/4—Liverpool May 1936 6.16 Rs. 44 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 244/4—New York May 11.77 Rs. 26 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.83 1/8.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach J/A. 238/12—New York July 11.81 Rs. 32 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.83 1/8.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, April 30.

April	12.02—03
May	12.17—04
June	12.28—04

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JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

REGD. NO. B. 1668

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1935

JUPITER
GENERAL
is doing all classes of
INSURANCE Business.
J2

500 Witnesses For 21 Months' Conspiracy Trial

GANGSTER CAUGHT

Villagers Disarm Ruffian Who Stole Gun And Cartridges

AMRITSAR, April 29.

How a notorious and dangerous criminal was arrested by the villagers yesterday after a day's chase and exposing themselves to danger, is narrated from Dorsha Patiala State.

It is stated that Sardar Baldev Singh from Dhanda was putting up at the residence of one of his relatives at village Kubbe. While he was fast asleep his gun with about two dozen cartridges was stolen. It is alleged that the culprit, while passing through the village street after the commission of the offence was heard whispering that with the gun he would murder his enemies such as the village headman Phuman Singh, Surjan Singh and others. The matter was reported to the village headman who raised an alarm and almost all men of the village gathered and decided to catch hold of the culprit and organise parties. The absconder was seen by a cattleboy hiding in bushes and information was given to the search parties.

All parties gathered at one place and decided to attack. But the culprit instead of surrendering made a resolute attack on the villagers and by show of rifle caused them to retreat one hundred yards. When the villagers made another attempt to arrest him he is reported to have fired thrice but no body was hit. He was about to fire another shot when Ganda Singh jumped at him from behind and caught hold of him firmly. The gun and cartridges were also snatched from him. The culprit it is stated was a terror to the neighbourhood for months. He was handed over to the police in the evening—A.P.

P. N. BOSE MEDAL FOR GEOLOGY

Calcutta Move For Commemorating His Anniversary

CALCUTTTA, April 26

Dr. Kalidas Nag, Convenor and Secretary of the P. N. Bose Memorial Committee (Calcutto,) announces that, before the first anniversary of the death of this great Indian geologist, definite results have been achieved in the matter of perpetuating his memory. In a meeting held at the residence of Sir B. L. Mitter, and presided over by Dr. L.L. Fermor, it was resolved that adequate provision should be made for the institution of a Commemoration Medal.

MEDAL FOR A. I. RESEARCH.

Due to the prompt co-operation of Sir U. N. Brahmachari, Sir N. N Sircar, Sir Hari Sankar Paul, Mr. J. Van Manen and others, the idea quickly materialized and sufficient funds were raised and entrusted to the care of the Asiatic Society of Bengal which has agreed to announce and confer every year, after due deliberation, the P. N. Bose Medal for Geology for the best research work on geology in India.

PORTRAIT OF BOSE

Surplus funds have been utilized for the portrait of Mr. P. N. Bose to be drawn by Mr. Atul Bose and to be unveiled at the Asiatic Society of Bengal with which institution Mr. P. N. Bose collaborated for years and helped in ending its centenary commemoration volume (1883-84); himself writing on its scientific section, while the historical section was written by Dr. Rajendra Lal Mitra and the archaeological section by Dr. Rudulf Hoernle.— A. P.

Bhagalpur.—Rev. Cannon Sir Kumar Tarafdar, Principal of the C. M. S. School, Bhagalpur, has been appointed Assistant Metropolitan of Calcutta. Canon Tarafdar will leave this place for Calcutta some time in June.

Life Sentence For Six Terrorists

3 Get 10 Years' & 9, 7 Years' R. I: 31 Convicted Of Conspiracy

Treason Must Be Stamped Out With All Force, Says Special Tribunal

CALCUTTA, May 1.

"Murder of an individual is heinous and terrible enough but treason is murder of the State, which must be stamped out with all force the State can command.

"We cannot shut our eyes to the conditions of Bengal, where treason flourishes more vigorously than any other province."

Thus observed the Special Tribunal, delivering judgment in the Inter-Provincial Terrorist Conspiracy Case to-day.

Proceeding the Tribunal remarked that those who were devotees of treason were not only enemies of the State, but outcastes of community and deserve the utmost punishment which the breaking of law entails.

The Tribunal held: "The Conspiracy seems to be entirely Hindu and confined almost entirely to the Bhadralog class."

After a protracted trial lasting for nearly 21 months, the Special Tribunal presided by Mr. T. B. Jameson, delivered judgment yesterday (7-30 morning) in the Inter Provincial Terrorist Conspiracy case sentencing Pravat Chakraverty, Jitengupta, Naren Ghosh Purnaandadas, Dhiren Bhattarcharya Sitanath De, to life transportation; Kishori Das Gupta and two others to 10 years' imprisonment; Jiten Chakraverty and eight others to 7 years' imprisonment Hembhatuacherjee and three others to 6 years' imprisonment; Sudhir Bhattarharjee to five years' imprisonment; Ajit Bose and five others to 3 years' and Abani Sarkar and another to one year. All the sentences of imprisonment were rigorous.

Four others were acquitted and two approvers were set at liberty.

The sentence against Sitanath De who is still absconding will be running from the day he is arrested.

In the course of the judgment the Commissioners observed that the conspiracy to wage war against His Majesty the King had been proved against all the accused.

History of Trial

The accused, 35 in inumber, were charged with conspiracy to wage war against His Majesty the King Emperor.

The trial commenced in August 1933. Sitanath De, an absconding accused, was arrested at Benares in November 1932, and was added as an accused under the rules of the New Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act.

On the afternoon of July 31 of 1934 during heavy rains, Sitanath De along with three others—Niranjan Ghosal, Purnanand Das-Gupta, Haripada De—escaped from the Alipore Central Jail. Of these, Dey was arrested the same evening near Ballygunge railway station. Das-Gupta was arrested at Tittagarh on January 20 last. De and Ghosal are still at large.

The trial was concluded before the Pujas last year. Before judgment could be delivered, however, Mr. R. C. Sen, I.C.S., one of the Commissioners of the Special Tribunal trying the case, died and the matter had to be deferred till the appointment of the new Commissioner Mr. R. H. Parker. The other two Commissioners are Mr. T. B. Jameson, I.C.S. (President), and Mr. M. Y. Shirazi, Deputy Magistrate.

Object Of Conspiracy

It was stated that the object of the conspiracy was to arrange for a simultaneous armed rising throughout India. According to the Crown, the conspiracy was hatched in the Buxar Detention Camp and messages to members outside the camp were sent with the greatest ease and regularity.

With this object in view, they recruited members, collected arms and raised money by collecting subscriptions from members and by committing robberies and dacoities. They sent emissaries and arms to different parts of India and even to far-off Burma with a view to extend their organisation. They also contemplated the starting of an explosive bomb factory on the Ooty Hills. They also planned to prepare chemicals for the purpose of creating a smoke screen under cover of which their comrades inside the jail could escape with the help of folding ladders.

Some of these chemicals and a folding ladder were recovered during house searches in Calcutta.

Code Gives Clue

Prabhat Chandra Chakraverty described as the leader of the party, was arrested at No. 11, Sitala Lane, Calcutta, and a cypher code, when decoded, revealed the wide ramifications of the conspiracy.

Two of the accused persons turned approvers and were examined as witnesses for the Crown.

The Ooty bank raid, the Dacca Municipal robbery, the Gouripore Post Office robbery and the Baburhat dacoity were some of the overt acts of the conspiracy.

About 500 witnesses were examined for the Crown and over 2,000 documents exhibited in this case.—United Press.

35 ACCUSED

There were 35 accused in this case belonging to various provinces and they were charged with waging war against the King.

The object of the conspiracy was to arrange simultaneous armed rising throughout India, the programme including the establishment of a bomb factory at the Ooty hills and also the preparation of chemicals for the purpose of creating smoke-screens under cover of which detenus could escape from jail with the help of folding ladders.

Of the 40 persons orginally arrested, one died and one was discharged. One is absconding and two have turned approvers.

The trial opened in Auvust 1933 and concluded in October 1934.

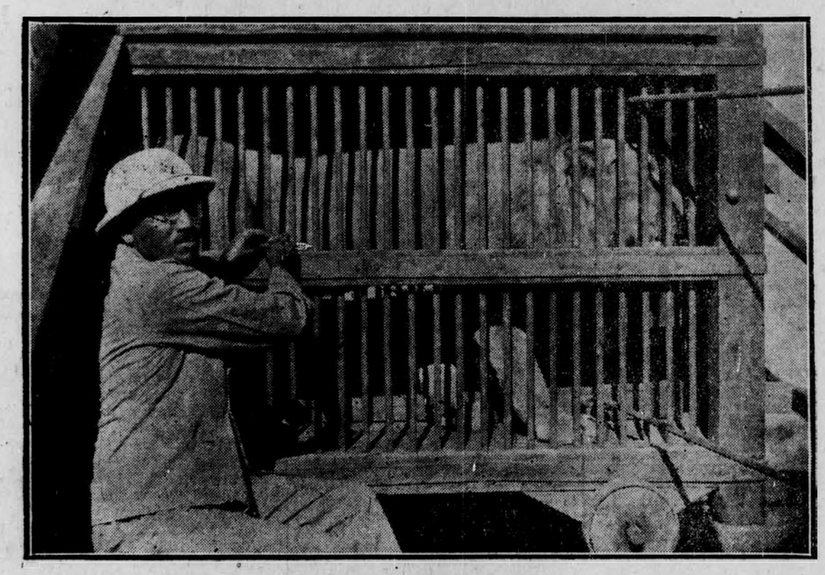
Four of the accused escaped from jail custody in the course of the trial. Three of them were rearrested while the other has not yet been traced.

The Tribunal was composed of two British civilians and one Muslim Deputy Magistrate. The Judgment was delivered in the Magistrate's Court, Alipore, which was well guarded by the police. The prisoner raised 'slogans' as they were being brought to the court in police vans. They received the sentences calmly.

EXHAUSTIVE JUDGMENT.

The judgment, running into 25,000 words, stated that the contemplated armed rising had been described as guerilla warfare for which the time had not arrived. "We gather from some of the witnesses that its outbreak was to come when the number of members of the party was equal to the number of soldiers in the Indian army. This does not mean, however, that this was merely a dream of the future."

Proceeding the Tribunal stated: "We have the impression that there is a great deal of dreaming, a great deal of talking and a great deal rather of aimless activity, which might well have been directed to better ends. But the menace which the existence of such a conspiracy involves to the security of the State and the community as a whole cannot be exaggerated. Left to itself it will have spread by insidious means and what at the beginning is a small thing would have grown into something of which it is impossible to foretell the result."—A. P.



This Gir lion was quietly sitting in his cage when a dog said to be rabid came to the cage. The lion became furious but could not get at the dog.

The dog on the contrary was able to bite him on his head, causing a deep wound from outside the bars.

In the picture the lion is being given an injection of anti-rabic serum in the Shakar Baug—the State Zoological Gardens, Junagadh—by Dr. Fernandes G. B. V. C., Veterinary Surgeon, Junagadh State.

Presumably the cage, which does not allow the lion an inch of room for movement, was temporarily provided for the operation.

DHRANGADHRA'S SIMLA MISSION

Returns After Negotiating Loan With Government Of India

(From Our Correspondent)
WADHWAN CITY April 30

The Maharaja of Dhrangadhra returned from Simla after having negotiated a loan of fifty five laks of Rupees successfully with the Government of India. Though the terms of the proposed loan are not made known to the public, still the general impression is that the Government have extended special concessions in the matter.

ASSEMBLY SEAT CONTEST

Rivalry Between Congress And Nationalist Party May Be Avoided

BENARES, April 30.

Although nomination papers were filed by Mr. Krishnakant Malaviya, nationalist, and Mrs. Uma Nehru, Congress' for the Benares-Gorakhpur seat in the Assembly this afternoon, it appears that hopes of avoiding this contest and solving the present difficulty in enabling Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya to go to the Assembly have not still been abandoned.

Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, President, and Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, Secretary, U. P. Congress Parliamentary Board, are here and it transpires that Mr. Saxena met Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya this evening with a new formula. Pandit Govind Vallabh was to have left to-night for Nainital but might postpone his departure in view of the new development.—A. P.

MADRAS 'PHONE LINES EXTENDED

MADRAS, May 1.

The trunk telephone line from Madras has been extended to Bezwada, Guntur, Masulipatam, Cocanada, Vizagapatam and Vizianagaram.

Very shortly, Ellore and Rajamundry will also be linked to Madras.

It is expected that within four months direct connection with Calcutta will be established.—United Press.

Owing to the unfavourable weather and great pressure of work in preparation for the Silver Jubilee Celebrations, the King cancelled Tuesday's proposed visit to the Guineas' Race Meeting at Newmarket. Accompanied by the Queen, His Majesty returned to London by road, and will remain in Buckingham Palace until after the celebrations.

INTERNATIONAL CHAMBER MEETING

Biennial Congress Will Be Held In Paris

LAHORE, (By Mail).

Following is the list of delegates from the Indian National Committee to the forthcoming Biennial Congreess of the International Chamber to be held in Paris from 24th to 29th June, 1935:—

Mr. Walchand Hirachand (Leader). (Vice-President, International Chamber of Commerce) Phoenix Building Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Lalljee (Deputy Leader), (President, Indian National Committee for the year 1934) Standard Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Mr. Chunnilal B. Mehta (President, Bombay Bullion Exchange, Ltd.), 51, Marwari Bazar, Bombay.

Mr. D. S. Erulkar, C/o Scindia Steamships (London) Ltd., Africa House, 44/46 Leadenhall Street, London, E.C. 3.

Mr. Chandulal J. Gurjar, 54, Due Lafayette, Paris.

Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, "Shri Krishna Niwas" Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2.

Mr. B. D. Gorware, C/o the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Phoenix Building, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay.

Mr. Fakirjee Cowasjee, Messrs. Cowasjee and Sons, "Kimari", Karachi.

Mr. S. N. Haji, C/o Scindia Steamships (London) Ltd., Africa House, 44/46 Leadenhall Street, London E.C. 3.

Dr. G. C. Roy, C/o the New India Assurance Co., Ltd., 100, Clive Street, Calcutta.

Lt. P. S. Sodhbans, C/o Messrs. Sodhbans & Co., Auditors, 7-A, Nisbet Road, Lahore.

Mr. L. N. Khanna, Goblonz, N. W. (Czecho-Slovakia).—A. P.

(Continued from Col. 7)

cessary a special session of the Congress should be convened.

"Those, who desire to stop the Congress from being hopelessly compromised to a policy of co-operation with the Government, might well consider whether the demand of a special session immediately after the enactment of the new Government of India Act, should not be raised.

"In any case I am sure the Congress Socialist Party will not cease in its efforts to keep both this issue and that of resistance of war in the forefront of its political agitation."

A. I. C. C. MEETING

Masani Claims It Was A Triumph For Socialists

DEMAND FOR SPECIAL SESSION OF CONGRESS

"If the conspiracy to commit the Congress to a policy of acceptance of ministerial offices and to face the Congress Session in February next, with an accomplished fact, is to be thwarted rank and file Congressmen will have to strain every nerve to force the leaders to come out in public and state their policy immediately," observed Mr. M. R. Masani, in the course of a statement surveying the results of the A.I.C.C. meeting at Jubbulpore.

Mr. Masani attended the meeting at Jubbulpore as a spectator and keenly followed the proceedings. He felt that a special session of the Congress would be necessary which should be called immediately after the enactment of the Government of India Act, regarding the issue of acceptance of offices.

Mr. Masani said:—

"I felt that the Jubbulpore meeting of the A.I.C.C. was a distinct triumph for the Congress Socialists and those who were inclined to follow their lead in the A.I.C.C. From the Press reports one would think at first sight that our moves met with nothing but rebuffs. But most of those present, came away with the impression that the platform in its opposition to everything that emanated from the Left Wing was losing ground all along the line.

"On the first day, the attack of the Party on the Parliamentary policy was largely instrumental in securing the deletion of the word "successful" from the Working Committee's resolution.

"Then again the Party Amendment proposed by Babu Jai Prakash Narain, calling on the Working Committee for the collection of funds for the relief of the families of Bengal Detenus was carried by an overwhelming majority, in spite of the great unwillingness of some members of the Working Committee to take on this burden.

"As regards the ruling out of all the Socialist resolutions on the second day, the tactics adopted show clearly that the Working Committee had developed cold feet. Specially was this so on the issue of acceptance of ministerial offices under the new Constitution.

"The fact was that our resolution calling for a policy of wrecking the Constitution, involving non-acceptance of offices, was the most inconvenient one to those who had really made up their minds to accept the offices, but were not prepared to say so in public. Every one in political circles knows this and yet the President assured the House that the question of accepting offices was not under contemplation at present and that therefore the resolution was premature.

"If the conspiracy to commit the Congress to a policy of acceptance of ministerial offices and to face the Congress Session in February next, with an accomplished fact is to be thwarted, rank and file Congressmen will have to strain every nerve to force the leaders to come out in public and state their policy immediately.

Special Session of Congress

"In this connection it is worth while considering whether a demand should not be made for a special or at least an early session of the Congress.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, a member of the Working Committee, speaking on a point of order on this resolution stated that the proper body to decide this question would be the plenary session of the Congress and that if ne-

(Continued in Col. 6).

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